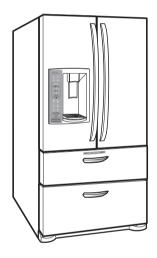


REFRIGERATOR SERVICE MANUAL

CAUTION
BEFORE SERVICING THE UNIT,
READ THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.



MODEL: LMX28994** COLOR: STAINLESS(ST)

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Please read the following instructions before servicing your refrigerator.

- 1. Unplug the power before handling any elctrical componets.
- 2. Check the rated current, voltage, and capacity.
- 3. Take caution not to get water near any electrical components.
- 4. Use exact replacement parts.
- 5. Remove any objects from the top prior to tilting the product.

1. SPECIFICATIONS

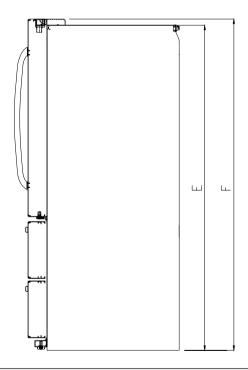
1-1 LMX28994**

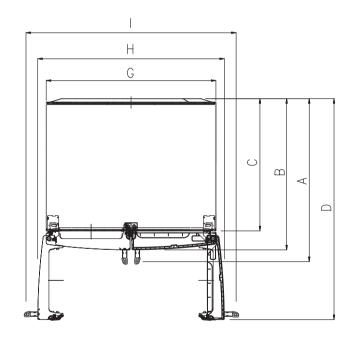
• 28 cu.ft.

| ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |
|---------------------|---|
| DOOR DESIGN | Side Rounded |
| DIMENSIONS (inches) | 35 ³ / ₄ X 35 ³ / ₈ X 69 ³ / ₄ (WXDXH) 27cu.ft. |
| NET WEIGHT (pounds) | 175 kg. (386 lb) |
| COOLING SYSTEM | Fan Cooling |
| TEMPERATURE CONTROL | Micom Control |
| DEFROSTING SYSTEM | Full Automatic |
| | Heater Defrost |
| DOOR FINISH | PCM, VCM, Stainless |
| HANDLE TYPE | Bar |
| INNER CASE | ABS Resin |
| INSULATION | Polyurethane Foam |

| | ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| VEGETAE | BLE TRAY | Clear Drawer Type |
| COMPRE | SSOR | Linear |
| EVAPORA | ATOR | Fin Tube Type |
| CONDEN | SER | Spiral Condenser |
| REFRIGE | RANT | R-134a (215 g) |
| LUBRICA [*] | TING OIL | ISO10 (280 ml) |
| DEFROST | TING DEVICE | SHEATH HEATER |
| | REFRIGERATOR | LED Module(24) |
| LAMP | CONVERTA | LED Module(12) |
| | FREEZER | LED Module(12) |

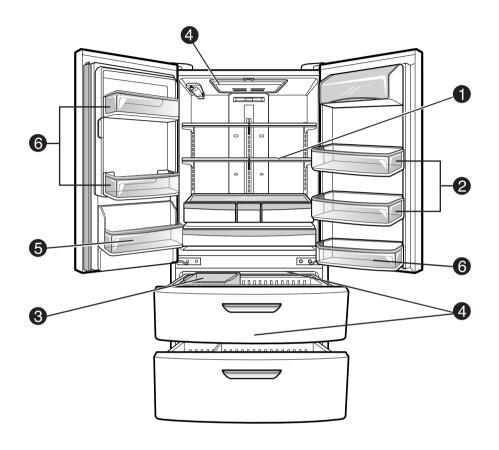
DIMENSIONS





| Description | LMX28994** | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Depth w/ Handles | А | 35 3/8 in |
| Depth w/o Handles | В | 32 7/8 in |
| Depth w/o Door | С | 29 in |
| Depth (Total with Door Open) | D | 47 5/8 in |
| Height to Top of Case | E | 68 3/8 in |
| Height to Top of Door Hinge | F | 69 3/4 in |
| Width | G | 35 3/4 in |
| Width (door open 90 deg. w/o handle) | Н | 39 1/4 in |
| Width (door open 90 deg. w/ handle) | I | 44 1/4 in |

2. PARTS IDENTIFICATION



1 ADJUSTABLE REFRIGERATOR SHELVING

The refrigerator compartment shelves are adjustable to allow flexibility for storage needs.

2 GALLON STORAGE BINS

Two interchangeable bins can be arranged to suit your storage needs.

3 REMOVABLE ICE STORAGE BIN

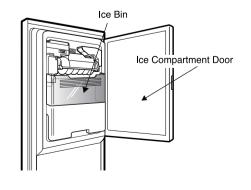
The ice storage bin can be removed to fill ice buckets, coolers, or pitchers.

4 LED INTERIOR LAMPS

Three separate LED arrays light the freezer and refrigerator interiors.

5 CAN STORAGE BIN

6 FIXED DOOR BINS



3. DISASSEMBLY

3-1 REMOVING AND REPLACING REFRIGERATOR DOORS

Removing Refrigerator Door

A CAUTION: Before you begin, unplug the refrigerator. Remove food and bins from doors.

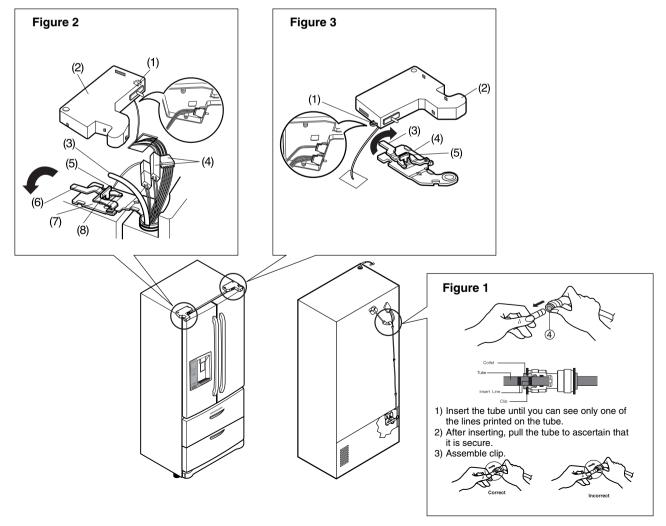
▶ Left Door -FIG. 2

- 1. Disconnect water supply tube by pushing back on the disconnect ring (3).-FIG. 1
- 2. Open door. Loosen top hinge cover screw (1).

 Use flat tip screwdriver to pry back hooks on front underside of cover (2). Lift up cover.
- 3. Disconnect door switch wire harness and remove the cover.
- 4. Pull out the tube.
- 5. Disconnect all 3 wiring harnesses (4). Remove the grounding screw (5).
- 6. Rotate hinge lever (6) counterclockwise. Lift top hinge (7) free of hinge lever latch (8).
- **A CAUTION:** When lifting hinge free from the latch, be careful that door does not fall forward.
- 7. Lift door from middle hinge pin and remove door.
- 8. Place the door with the insides facing up, on a not scratch surface.

▶ Right Door -FIG. 3

- 1. Open the door, remove 1 screw on the top of the hinge cover. Loosen top hinge cover screw (1). Lift up cover (2).
- 2. Disconnect wire harnesses and remove the cover.
- 3. Rotate hinge lever (3) clockwise. Lift top hinge (4) free of hinge lever latch (5).
- 4. Lift door from middle hinge pin and remove door.
- **A CAUTION:** When lifting hinge free from the latch, be careful that the door does not fall forward.
- 5. Place the door with the insides facing up, on a not scratch surface.



3-2 DOOR

- Mullion Removal
- 1. Remove 2 screws.



2. Lift Mullion up carefully.



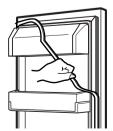
3. Disconnect wire harness.



Door Gasket Removal

1. Remove gasket

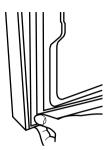
Pull gasket free from gasket channel on the four remaining sides of door.



Door Gasket Replacement

1. Insert gasket into channel

Press gasket into channels on the four remaining sides of door.



Mullion Replacement

1. Connect wire harness.



2. Insert mullion into the channel. Insert the cover assembly into bracket, door.



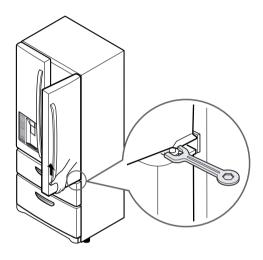
3. Assemble 2 screws.



3-3 Door Alignment

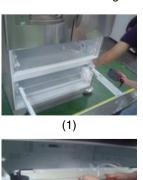
If the space between the door are uneven, follow the instructions to align them.

Remove the Base Grillie. Turn the leveling legs counter clock wise to raise or clock wise to lower the height of the front of the refrigerator by using flat blade screw driver or 11/32" wrench. Use the wrench (Included with the User Manual) to adjust the bolt in the door hinge to adjust the height. (CCW to raise or CW to lower the height.)

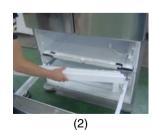


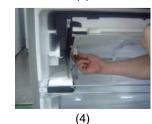


- 1. Remove the converta drawer. (See p. 14)
- 2. Remove the center plate by removing 2 screws and pull the center plate.(1),(2)
- 3. Lift the front of the barrier up and remove the harness.(3),(4)
- 4. Remove the freezer drawer. (See p.16)
- 5. Remove the guide rail of the converta drawer. (Each guide rail has one harness.) (5),(6)
- 6. Remove the guide rail of the freezer drawer. (Each guide rail has one harness.) (7),(8)
- 7. Using the tool like the thick wrench pull on the grille assembly to remove.(9),(10)
- 8. Disconnect the wiring harnesses.



(3)

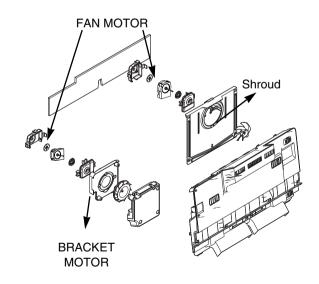






3-5 FAN AND FAN MOTOR

- 1. Remove the Fan Motor assembly by loosening 3 screws.
- Pull out the fan and separate the FAN Motor and Bracket.



3-6 DEFROST CONTROL ASSEMBLY

Defrost Control assembly consists of Defrost Sensor and FUSE-M.

The Defrost Sensor works to defrost automatically. It is attached to the metal side of the Evaporator and senses its temperature. At 46F(8°C), it turns the Defrost Heater off. Fuse-M is a safety device for preventing over-heating of the Heater when defrosting.

- 1. Pull out the grille assembly. (Figure 1)
- 2. Separate the connector with the Defrost Control assembly and replace the Defrost Control assembly after cutting the Tie Wrap. (Figure 2)

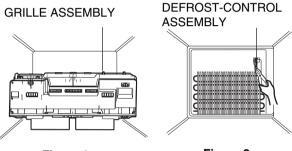


Figure 1 Figure 2

3-7 LAMP

Unplug, or disconnect power at the circuit breaker. If necessary, remove top shelf or shelves.

3-7-1 Refrigerator Compartment Lamp

- 1) Release 2 screws.
- 2) Hold both ends and pull down to remove.





3) To remove the lamp case and cover, release 2 screws as shown.

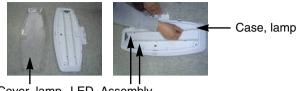


4) Use a flat tool as shown below to remove the lamp cover.





5) To remove the LED assembly, pull apart the cover.



Cover, lamp LED, Assembly

3-7-2 Converta and Freezer Compartment Lamp

- 1. Unplug refrigerator power cord form outlet.
- 2. Remove screw with driver.
- 3. Grasp the cover Lamp, pull the cover downward.





3-8 MULTI DUCT

- 1. Romove the upper and lower caps with a flat screwdriver and remove 2 screws. (Figure 3)
- 2. Disconnect the lead wire on the bottom position.

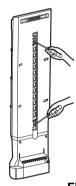


Figure 3

3-9 MAIN PWB

1) Loosen 3 screws on the PWB cover.



2) Remove the PWB cover



3) Disconnect wire harness and replace the main PWB in the reverse order of removal.





 Holding the inner side of the dispenser pull forward to remove.



5) Remove the lead wire.

▲ CAUTION: When replacing the dispenser cover make sure the lead wire does NOT come off and the water line is not pinched by the dispenser.





3-11 ICE BUTTON ASSEMBLY

- 1) Remove the 1 screw holding the lever.
- 2) Remove the spring from the hook.
- 3) Push and pull on the tab to remove.







3-10 DISPENSER



1) Pull out the drain



2) Use these 2 holes to pull out the bottom

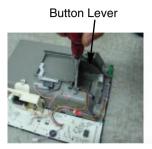




3) If nozzle is interfered with button, push and pull out the bottom of button and then pull out the right side.

3-12 WATER BUTTON ASSMEBLY

- 1) Remove screws.
- 2) Grasp the Button assembly and lift.





3-13 ICE CORNER DOOR REPLACEMENT

- 1) Loosen the front screw as shown in the picture.
- 2) Lift up the hinge with one hand.
- 3) Pull out the Ice Corner Door with the other hand.



3-14 ICEMAKER REPLACEMENT

1) Remove 4 screws as shown.



2) Grasp the bottom of motor cover assembly and pull slowly.



3) Disconnect wire harness from wall of compartment.





In-door

▲ CAUTION: Make sure that the motor housing is taped to the mold, if not positioned correctly the cover will not fit properly.









3-16 CAP DUCT MOTOR REPLACEMENT

1) Separate the Housing of the Cap Duct Motor.



2) Unscrew 3 screws to disassemble the motor.

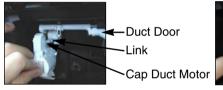


3-15 SUB PWB FOR WORKING DISPENSER

1) Disconnect the wire harness.



3) When replacing the motor, check the position of the door duct and the link for proper fit.





NG Position

2) Remove 1 screw from PWB and replace with new PWB.



4) Insert 2 screws.

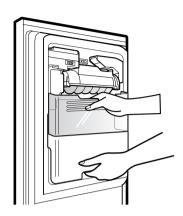


5) Push housing aside.

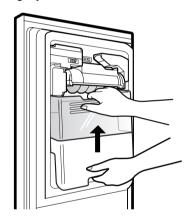


3-17 HOW TO REMOVE A ICE BIN

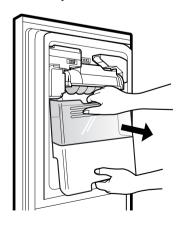
1) Grip the handles, as shown.



2) Tilt and lift slightly as shown.

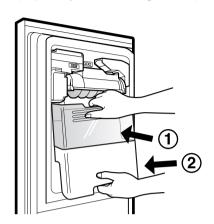


3) Remove ice bin slowly.



3-18 HOW TO INSERT A ICE BIN

1) Insert the Ice Bin, slightly tilting to avoid touching the Icemaker. (Especially, Ice-Detecting Sensor)



3-19 HOW TO REPLACE THE CONVERTA DISPLAY

3-19-1 Disassembly

1) Attach tape PETP on the door. (Lower part of display. To protect Scratch)



2) Disassemble display's lower portion to using tool.





3) Disconnect lead wire from display.



3-19-2 Assembly

1) Connect lead wire from display



2) Pre-Assemble display's top portion department



3) Assembly display;s side portion department



4) Detach tape PETP



3-20 HOW TO REPLACE THE CONVERTA JOINT

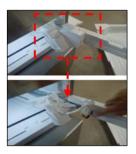
1) Open the Converta drawer.



2) Remove the drawer.



3) Remove the motor cover.



4) Remove the Auto Drawer Joint Housing



5) Remove screws of Guide rail(each one in the both side).

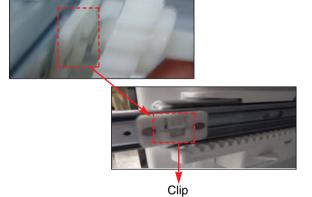


6) Lift the door to disassemble.

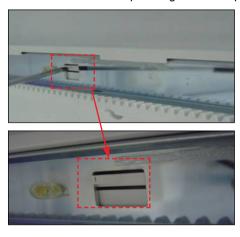


7) Using any sharp things such as drill, take out the gear in pressing the right rail clip.

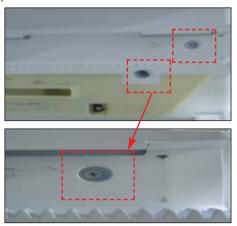




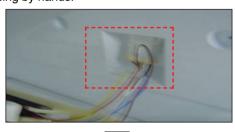
8) Pull out rail to disassemble in pressing the rail stopper.

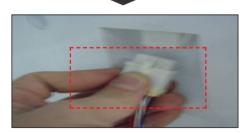


9) Take it out after disassembling the Holder rail screws (3 pcs).



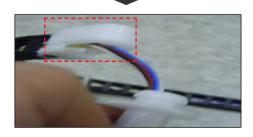
10) Take it out by pressing the hook of auto drawer joint housing by hands.



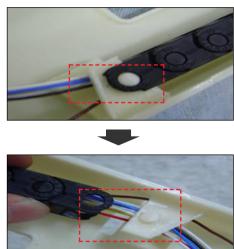


11) Pull out the Holder rail inner link by hands.



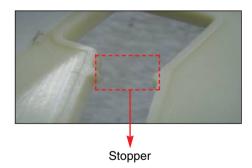


12) Take off the Holder rail fix connector.



- 13) Pull out the support holder to the rear hole.
 - Pull out the stopper part strongly.





14) Pull out the auto drawer joint to the outside by using the rear hole.



15) For reassembly, perform the disassembly procedures in reverse.

3-21 HOW TO REPLACE THE AUTO DRAWER MOTOR

1) Open the door of F room.



2) Remove the Drawer.



3) Remove screws of Guide rail.(Each one in the both side)



4) Lift the door to disassemble.



5) Remove the motor cover.



6) Remove the Auto Drawer Joint Housing, then separate holder lever.







7) Using any sharp things such as drill, take out the gear in pressing the right rail clip.

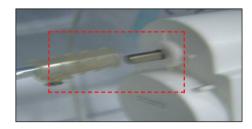






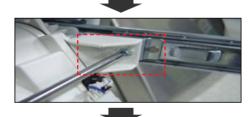
8) Take out the gear in the bar, and then bar in the motor.

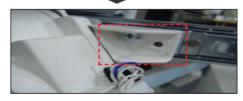




9) Remove the Auto Drawer Motor screws (2 pcs).







10) For reassembly, perform the disassembly procedures in reverse.

3-22 HOW TO REPLACE THE AUTO DRAWER JOINT

- 1) Remove the Converta drawer(See p.)
- 2) Remove the center plate and barrier.(See p.)
- 3) Open the F door.



4) Remove the drawer.



5) Remove screws of guide rail. (each one in the both side)



6) Lift the door to disassemble.



7) Remove the motor cover.



8) Remove the auto drawer joint housing, then separate holder lever.



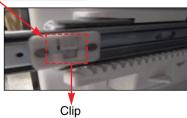




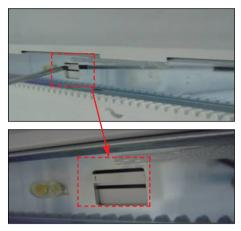
9) Using any sharp things such as drill, take out the gear in pressing the right rail clip.







10) Pull out rail to disassemble in pressing the rail stopper.

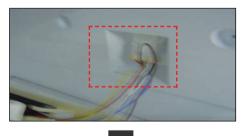


11) Remove the guide rail screws (each guide rail has 5 screws.)





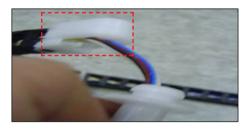
12) Remove the harness.





13) Pull out the Holder rail inner link by hands.



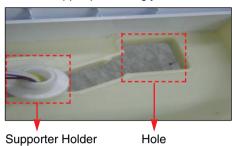


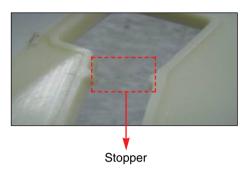
14) Take off the Holder rail fix connector.





- 15) Pull out the support holder to the rear hole.
 - Pull out the stopper part strongly.





16) Pull out the auto drawer joint to the outside by using the rear hole.



17) For reassembly, perform the disassembly procedures in reverse.

3-23 WATER VALVE DISASSEMBLY METHOD

1) Turn off the water to unit. Remove the waterline from the valve.





Figure 59

2) Remove cover and 1 screw from the valve.

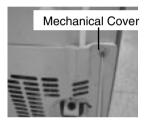




Figure 60

3) Separate the housing and remove the valve.

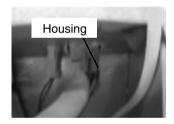




Figure 61

4) Remove the clip, and press the collet to separate the tube from the connector. Note: there maybe some water in the line.



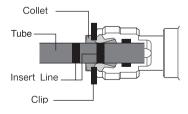


Figure 62

3-24 FAN AND FAN MOTOR DISASSEMBLY METHOD

1) Remove screws for the Drain Pipe Assembly and the 1 connected to the Motor Cover.





Figure 63

Separate the Fan Assembly and Motor, turn counter clockwise to remove from the motor shaft.

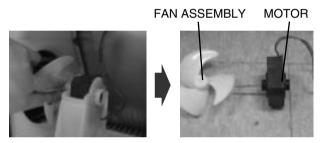


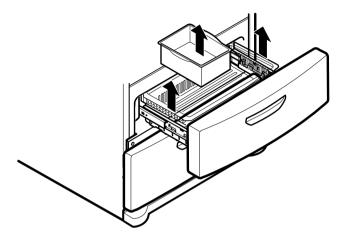
Figure 64

Assemble in reverse order. Taking care to avoid.

- 1. Do not to bend the tube during assembly.
- 2. Press the Water Dispenser button letting water pour out, this checks for any leaks in the tube connection, this may vary depending on the water pressure (about 2 minutes.).

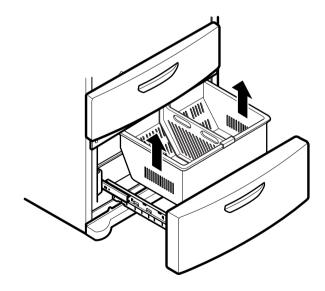
3-25 TOP DRAWER

To remove the Converta drawer, pull the drawer open to full extension. Remove the drawer and Ice Bin lifting the basket from the rail system.



3-26 BOTTOM DRAWER

To remove the freezer drawer, pull the drawer open to full extension. Remove the lower DuraBase ®basket by lifting the basket from the rail system.



4. ADJUSTMENT

4-1 COMPRESSOR

4-1-1 Role

The compressor intakes low temperature and low pressure gas from the evaporator of the refrigerator and compresses this gas to high-temperature and high-pressure gas. It then delivers the gas to the condenser.

4-1-2 Note for Usage

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) Do not drop or handle carelessly.
- (3) Keep away from any liquid.
 If liquid such as oil or water enters the Cover PTC
 Compressor may fail due to breakdown of their insulating capabilities.
- (4) Always use the Parts designed for the compressor and make sure it is properly attached to the compressor. Parts may appear physically identical but could have different electrical ratings. Replace parts by part number and model number. Use only approved substitute parts.

4-1-3 Remove the cover PTC





(1) Remove the Cover Back M/C





(2) Loosen two screws on comp base





- (3) Use a L-shaped flap tooll to pry off the cover
- (4) Assembly in reverse order of disassembly

4-2-3 Compressor protection logic

- Since linear Comp conducts linear reciprocating motion, we have protection logic for compressor, motor and PCB as the below.
- Stroke Trip

During the operation, if stroke is above the target value, decrease the target volt by 3V.

- Current Trip

Current trip is set in order to protect compressor mechanical part and drive from the overcurrent that might arise during the operation.

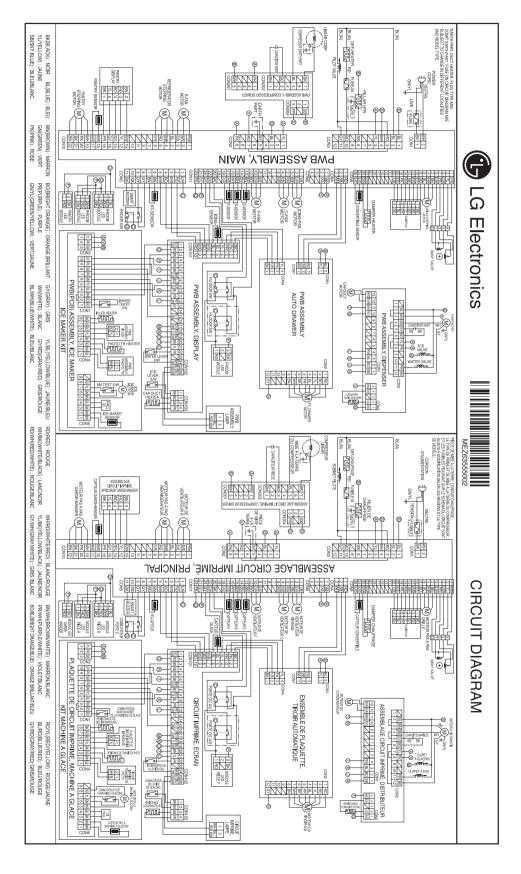
Check the current for every 416.7us and if the Trip exceeds 1.86Arms more than three times at Comp ON, forcibly stop and restart six minutes later.

- Lock Piston Trip

If stroke is under 5mm even if the current is more than 14Arms, Take it as 'piston lock' and restart after 2'30" of Comp OFF. Check the current and stroke for every 416.7us and if the condition fits more than three times at Comp ON, the Trip occurs.

- IPM fault Trip

It occurs if FO signal received from IPM is LOW. For every 416.7us, check whether FO signal is LOW. The trip occurs if it is found three times during the five periods(83ms).



6. TROUBLESHOOTING

6-1 Error Code Summary

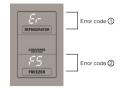
▲ WARNING: When checking Resistance values, make sure to turn off the power, and wait for the voltage to

discharge.

NOTE) Within 3 hours after the error: Press the Ice Plus button and Freezer button simultaneously 3 hours after the error: All errors, except for "Er rt", "Er SS",

"Er IS(except for Icing sensor)", "Er gF", "Er It" error, are displayed.

"Er IS" which is displayed without input of user is the error of Icing Sensor.



| | | Error Display | | | |
|----|--|--|---|--|--|
| NO | Error Detection Category | Freezer Temperature (Error code ①) | Refrigerator Temperature (Error code ②) | Error Generation Factors | Remark |
| 1 | Normal | | | None | Normal operation of Display |
| 2 | Freezer Sensor Error | Er | FS | Short or Disconnection of Freezer Sensor | |
| 3 | Refrigerator Sensor Error | Er | rS | Short or Disconnection of Refrigerator Sensor | |
| 4 | Defrosting Sensor Error | Er | dS | Short or Disconnection of Defrosting Sensor | |
| 5 | Icing Sensor Error | Er | IS | Short or disconnection of the sensor about Ice maker (Icing sensor, Ice maker sensor) | Check each sensor at it's connector. |
| 6 | Convertible Room Sensor Error | Er | CS | Short or Disconnection of Convertible Room Sensor | |
| 7 | Pantry sensor error | Er | SS | Short or Disconnection of Pantry Sensor | |
| 8 | Room Temp Sensor Error | Er | rt | Short or Disconnectoin of Room temp.sensor | |
| 9 | Ice maker kit defect | Er | It | Other Electric system error such as moter, gear, Hall IC, operation circuit within I/M kit | When the ice does not drop even when the I/M Test S/W is pressed |
| 10 | Flow Meter(Sensor) Defect | Er | gF | Error of flow meter or water input or low water pressure | Error of flow meter or water input or low water pressure or flow meter connection |
| 11 | Poor Defrosting | Er | dH | Even though it is passed 1 hour since then Defrosting, if Defrosting sensor is not over 46°F(8°C), it is caused | Temperature Fuse Disconnection, Heater disconnection, DRAIN Jam, Poor Relay for Heater |
| 12 | Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Ice Making | Er | IF | It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating | Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR |
| 13 | Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Freezer | Er | FF | It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating | Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR |
| 14 | Abnormality of BLDC FAN MOTOR For Refrigerator | Er | rF | It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating | Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR |
| 15 | Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Mechanic Room | Er | CF | It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating | Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR |
| 16 | Communication Error | Er | СО | Communication Error between Micom of Main PCB and Display Micom | Poor Communication connection,Poor TR of Transmitter and Receiver Tx/Rx between display and main board. |

Contents

1. PCB Picture.

- -. Main PCB
- -. Display PCB

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- 1) Er FS
- 2) Er rS
- 3) Er dS
- 4) Er IS
- 5) Er CS
- 6) Er dH
- 7) Er rF
- 8) Er FF
- 9) Er IF
- 10) Er CF
- 11) Communication error

3. Troubleshooting without Error display.

- 11) Cube mode not working.
- 12) Crush mode not working.
- 13) Water mode not working.
- 14) Freezer room Lamp not working.
- 15) Refrigerator room Lamp not working.
- 16) Poor cooling.
- 17) Poor cooling.
- 18) Over cooling.
- 19) Over cooling.
- 20) Lower auto drawer doesn't work

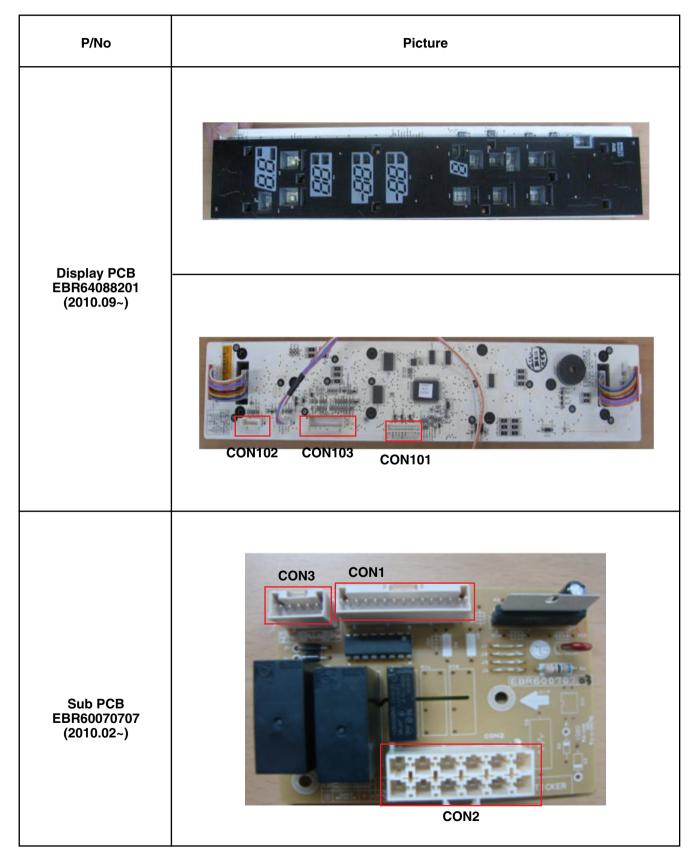
4. Reference

- 21) TEST MODE and Removing TPA.
- 22) Temperature chart

1. PCB Picture - Main PCB

| P/No & MFG | Picture |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| EBR63597802 (2011.01~) | CON1 CON2 CON10 CON11 CON4 CON9 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

1. PCB Picture - Display PCB & Sub PCB



2. Troubleshooting With Error Display



1) Freezer Sensor Error (Er FS)

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action |
|----|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Check for a loose connection. | |
| | | |

2 Check the <u>Gray/Red to Gray/Red.</u>



<CON11>

| Re | sult | SVC Action |
|-------|--------|---|
| 0 Ω | Short | Change the sensor |
| OFF | Open | Replace the refrigerator |
| Other | Normal | Check the Temp and resistance (Table-1) |

<Temperature table-1>

| (1) To (2) | Result |
|---------------|--------------|
| -22°F / -30°C | 40 kΩ |
| -13°F / -25°C | 30 kΩ |
| -4°F / -20°C | 23 kΩ |
| 5°F / -15°C | 17 kΩ |
| 14°F / -10°C | 13 kΩ |
| 23°F / -5°C | 10 kΩ |
| 32°F / 0°C | 8 kΩ |

* The sensor is determined by the temperature.

For example, $23k\Omega$ indicates -4°F.



2) Refrigerator Sensor Error (Er rS)

| No Checking flow | | Result & SVC Action |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Check for a loose connection. | |

2 Check the White to White.



<CON11>

| Re | sult | SVC Action |
|-------|--------|---|
| 0 Ω | Short | Change the sensor |
| OFF | Open | Replace the refrigerator |
| Other | Normal | Check the Temp and resistance (Table-2) |

<Temperature table-2>

| - | |
|-------------|----------------|
| (1) To (2) | Result |
| 23°F / -5°C | 38 kΩ |
| 32°F / 0°C | 30 kΩ |
| 41°F / 5°C | 24 kΩ |
| 50°F / 10°C | 19.5 kΩ |
| 59°F / 15°C | 16 kΩ |

** The sensor is determined by the temperature.
For example, 30kΩ indicates 32°F.



3) Icing Sensor Error (Er IS)

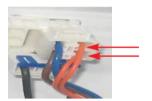
| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | Check for a loose connection. | | | | | |
| 2 | Check the Blue to Blue. | | D - | 11 | 0.40 4 - 1 | |
| | | 0 : | Т | sult Short | SVC Action Change the sens | or |
| | | | F | Open | Replace the refriger | |
| | | | ner | Normal | Check the Temp a resistance (Table- | ınd |
| | | | <temper< td=""><td colspan="2">ature table-1></td></temper<> | | ature table-1> | |
| | | | (| (1) To (2) | Result | |
| | | | -22 | 2°F / -30°C | 40 kΩ | |
| | | | -13 | 3°F / -25°C | 30 kΩ | |
| | | | -4 | °F / -20°C | 23 kΩ | |
| | | | 5 | °F / -15°C | 17 kΩ | |
| | M. Wa | | 14 | 1°F / -10°C | | |
| | - Marie | | | 3°F / -5°C | 10 kΩ | |
| | 4: | | 3 | 32°F / 0°C | 8 kΩ | |
| | CON101 CON101 CON101 CON101> | | e ter | nperature. | termined by | |



4) Defrost Sensor Error (Er dS)

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action |
|----|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Check for a loose connection. | |
| | | |

2 Check the <u>Orange to Orange.</u>



Check the Brown to Brown.



<CON11>

| Re | sult | SVC Action | | | | |
|-------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 0 Ω | Short | Change the sensor | | | | |
| OFF | Open | Replace the refrigerator | | | | |
| Other | Normal | Check the Temp and resistance (Table-3) | | | | |

<Temperature table-3>

| (1) To (2) | Result |
|--------------|----------------|
| 23°F / -5°C | 38 kΩ |
| 32°F / 0°C | 30 kΩ |
| 41°F / 5°C | 24 kΩ |
| 50°F / 10°C | 19.5 kΩ |
| 59°F / -15°C | 16 kΩ |

% The sensor is determined by the temperature. For example, $23k\Omega$ indicates -4°F.



5) Defrost Heater Error (Er dH)

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | SVC Action |
|----|---|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Check the <u>Door gasket.</u> | | | | |
| | | | Part | Result | SVC Action |
| 2 | Check the Defrost control part. | Ш. | Fuse-M | 0 Ω | Go to the 3 |
| | | | ruse-ivi | Other | Change Fuse-M |
| | Fuse Def' Sensor | | Def' | 34~42 5 | Go to the 3 |
| | | | Heater | Other | Change Fuse-M |
| | | | Def' | 22 kΩ ↑ | Go to the 3 |
| | Def' Heater | | Sensor | OFF | Replace product |
| | | | | | _ |
| 3 | Input Test 3 Mode. (push the button 3 times) | | ijo | | egicher egicher egicher |
| 4 | 4 Check the Blue to Orange. | | Re | sult | SVC Action |
| | | | 112 ~ 116 | | Go to the 5 |
| | EL THE | | | V | Replace Main PCB |
| | <con3></con3> | | | | |
| 5 | Release the test mode. push the button 1 times. (normal) | | | | |
| 6 | Check the Blue to Orange. | | | | |
| | | | Po. | sult | SVC Action |
| | CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE | | | V | Explain to customer |
| | TA III THE TANK | | | · 116V | Replace Main PCB |
| | <con3></con3> | | 112 | | . Opiaco Maii i Ob |



| OP | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Check for a loose connection. | | | | | |
| | | + [| Re | sult | | SVC Action |
| 2 | Check the Blue/Red to Blue/Red. | | $0\mathbf{B}\Omega$ | Short | Rep | lace the refrigerato |
| | | | OFF | Open | С | hange the sensor |
| | | Other | | Normal | | eck the Temp and sistance (Table-2) |
| | <con9></con9> | | _ | | _ | re table-1> |
| | | | | (1) To (| (2) | Result |
| | | | | 50°F / 10 | D _o C | 19.5 kΩ |
| | | | | 41°F / 5 | °C | 24 kΩ |
| | | | | 32°F / 0 | °C | 30 kΩ |
| | | | | 23°F / -5 | 5°C | 38 kΩ |
| | | | | 59°F / 15 | 5°C | 16 kΩ |
| | | | For e | xamble. | 30kΩ in | idicates 32°F |
| | | | For e | example, | 30kΩ in | dicates 32°F |
| | | | For e | example, | 30 kΩ in | idicates 32°F |
| | | | For e | example, | 30 kΩ in | idicates 32°F |
| | | | Fore | example, | 30 kΩ in | idicates 32°F |
| | | | Fore | example, | 30 kΩ in | idicates 32°F |
| | | | Fore | example, | 30 kΩ in | idicates 32°F |



7) Refrigerator Fan Error (Er rF)

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | Composition Compo |
| 2 | Open the freezer door and | Status SVC Action |
| | Check the air flow. ** While an error code is displayed, the | No windy Go to 3 |
| | fan is not working. | Windy Go to 4 |
| 4 | Check the <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | Doint Doorth CVO Antion |
| | | Point Result SVC Action (1)~(2) Below 12V Change the PCB |
| | | (1)~(2) Below 12V Change the motor |
| | (3)(2)(1) <con10></con10> | |



8) Freezer Fan Error (Er FF)

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|--|--|-------|--|----------------|--|
| 1 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | | | SE S | | |
| 2 | Open the freezer door and Check the air flow. | 201 | - | Status | SVC Action | |
| | ※ While an error code is displayed, the | | | No windy | Go to 3 | |
| | fan is not working. | | | Windy | Go to 4 | |
| 3 | Check the Fan motor. | Rotate fan using your hand. It feel sticky, change the motor. (cause of ice or rust inside of motor) | | | | |
| 4 | Check the <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | Point | Resu | ılt S | SVC Action | |
| | | (1)~(2) | Below | | ange the PCB | |
| | | (1)~(3) | 0 or | | inge the motor | |
| | (3) (2) (1) <con11></con11> | | | 1 | | |



9) Icing Fan Error (Er IF)

| No | Checking flow | | Resu | ılt & S\ | /C Action | l |
|----|---|--------|-------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | | | ÷ 5 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 | 982 <u>W</u> 83 83 | |
| 2 | Open the refrigerator door and Check the air flow. * While an error code is displayed, the fan is not working. | | | No | windy G | SVC Action to the 3, 4 |
| 3 | Check the Connector. (Frozen caused the PCB short) | conn | ector. We | devel | add wire oped new the new t | type |
| 4 | Check the Fan motor. (Frozen, Lock, ect.) | | W | ire seal | I (Silicon) | |
| | 0 | No | Part Na | me | Old P/No | New P/No |
| | | 407A | Duct As Connec | | 5209JA 1044A | 5209JA 1044A |
| | Observation Francisco November 1 | | D | a a u lt | SV/ | C Action |
| 4 | Check the Fan motor voltage. | | R | esult | | C Action |
| 4 | Check the <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | (1)~(2 | 2) Be | low 9V | Chan | ae the PCB |
| 4 | Check the <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | (1)~(2 | <u> </u> | low 9V or 5 V | | ge the PCB |

<CON11>



10) Condenser Fan Error (Er CF)

| No | Checking flow | | Result & SV | C Action |
|----|--|---------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | | ÷88. ½ ₩ 883. -883. -883. | |
| 2 | Check the fan rotating. * While an error code is displayed, the fan is not working. | | No v | atus SVC Action windy Check motor ndy Go to the 4 |
| 3 | Check the Fan motor and surrounding. | | using your ha y, change the | |
| 4 | Check the <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | | | |
| | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | | (1)~(2) | Blew 10V | Change the PCB |
| | (3)(2)(1) <con11></con11> | (1)~(3) | 0 or 5 V | Change the motor |



11) Communication Error (Er CO)

| No | Checking flow | | Result & SVC Action | | |
|----|--|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | Check the loose connection. | | | | |
| 2 | Check the Red to White/Red. | | Г | 5 !! | 01/0 4 11 |
| | | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | The same of the sa | | | 12 V | Go to the 3 |
| | CON101 <display></display> | <con101></con101> | | Other | Check the Hinge (loose connection) Change the Main PCB |
| 3 | Check the <u>Orange to White/Re</u> | d. | | | |
| | P "% 'F. ' B O S | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | | 0V or 5V | Change the Display PCB |
| | CON101 | Carry S | | Other | Go to the 4 |
| | <display></display> | <con101></con101> | | | |
| 4 | Check the White/Black to White/Red. | | | | |
| | Willey Diack to Willey | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | | 0 V or 5 V | Change the Main PCB |
| | CON101 | Carry To | | Other | Go to the 5 |
| | <display></display> | <con101></con101> | _ | | |
| 5 | Check the White/Red to Orang | <u>e.</u> | _ | | |
| | | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | | 150 | | 0 V or 5 V | Change the Display PCB |
| | | | | Other | Go to the 6 |
| | <con5></con5> | | | | |
| 6 | Check the White/Red to White/ | Black. | _ | | |
| | | | | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | | 0 V or 5 V | Change the Main PCB |
| | # 24 Carrier | | | Other | Explain to customer |
| | <con5></con5> | | | | |

3. Troubleshooting Without Error Display

1) Cube mode doesn't work



| No | Checking flow | | Result & SVC | Action |
|----|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Check the loose connection. | | | |
| 2 | Check the <u>Black to White.</u> (While pushing the lever S/W) | | Result | SVC Action |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | | 112~115 V | Go to the 3 |
| | | Pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | Not | 0 ~ 2 V | Go to the 3 |
| | Ella: | pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | <con2></con2> | | | |
| 3 | Check the RED to White Red. | 1 | Dooult | |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | Lever s/w | Result 9~12 V | SVC Action Go to the 4 |
| | | Pushing | 9~12 v Other | Change PCB |
| | Continue 1 | Net | 0 ~ 2 V | Go to the 4 |
| | | Not pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| 4 | Check the resistance value. | | | |
| - | | Point | Result | SVC Action |
| | | (1) to (2) — (3) to (4) | 31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω | Explain |
| | €. | | Other | Replace Geared Motor |
| | | | 9.9 ~ 12.1 Ω | Explain |
| | | | Other | Replace Geared Motor |
| | <lce maker=""></lce> | | | |
| | (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) <geared motor=""> Dispenser Motor></geared> | | | |



2) Crush mode doesn't work

| No | Checking flow | | Result & SVC A | Action |
|----|--|------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Check the loose connection. | | | |
| 2 | Check the Sky Blue to White. | Lever s/w | Result | SVC Action |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | D. alaka | 112~115 V | Go to the 3 |
| | | Pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | Not | 0 ~ 2 V | Go to the 3 |
| | <con2></con2> | pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| 3 | Check the Red to White Red. | Lever s/w | Result | SVC Action |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | E0701 3/W | 9~12 V | Go to the 4 |
| | , , | Pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | Not | 0 ~ 2 V | Go to the 4 |
| | | pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| 4 | Check the resistance value. | Point | Result | SVC Action |
| | | 1 0 | 31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω | Explain |
| | | (1) to (2) | Other | Replace Geared Motor |
| | | | 9.9 ~ 12.1 Ω | Explain |
| | | (3) to (4) | Other | Replace Geared Motor |
| | <lce maker=""></lce> (1) (2) (3) (4) | | | |

3) Water mode doesn't work

| No | Checking flow | | Result & SVC | Action |
|----|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Check the loose connection. | | | |
| 2 | Check the Purple to White. | Lever s/\ | v Result | SVC Action |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | D a la ina a | 112 ~ 115 V | Go to the 3 |
| | | Pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | Not | 0 ~2 V | Go to the 3 |
| | | pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | <con2></con2> | | | |
| 3 | Check the Blue to Gray. | Lever s/\ | v Result | SVC Action |
| | (While pushing the lever S/W) | | 112 ~ 115 V | Go to the 4 |
| | | Pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | Not | 0 ~2 V | Go to the 4 |
| | <con3></con3> | pushing | Other | Change PCB |
| | | | | |
| 4 | Check the resistance value. | Point | Result | SVC Action |
| | (1) (2) (3) (4) | (1) to (2) | 360 ~ 420 Ω | Explain |
| | | (1) to (2) | Other | Replace Water Valve |
| | | (-) | 360 ~ 420 Ω | Explain |
| | | (3) to (4) | Other | Replace Water Valve |
| | <pre></pre> | r | | |

4) Freezer room Lamp doesn't work

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Check the Freezer door switch. | If feel stic | ky, Change | the door s/w. | | |
| 2 | Check the door S/W resistance. | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 0Ω | Go to the 3 | | |
| | Pu | Normal | not | Change door S/W | | |
| | | Push | Infinity | Go to the 3 | | |
| | | S/W | | Change door S/W | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 3 | Chack the Bod/vellow to Bink | | | | | |
| 3 | - 162 | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | Normal | 12 VDC | Go to the 4 | | |
| | | | Other | Change the PCB | | |
| | <con11></con11> | | | | | |
| 4 | Check the <u>Red to Black.</u> | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | Tanaman 3 | Classed | 0 ~ 2 VDC | Explain to customer | | |
| | | Closed | Other | Change the Door S/W | | |
| | | Open | 12 VDC | Explain to customer | | |
| | | Open | Other | Change the LED Lamp | | |
| | | | | | | |

5) Refrigerator room lamp doesn't work

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Check the Refrigerator door switch. | If feel sticky, Change the door s/w. | | | | |
| 2 | Check the door S/W resistance. | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 0Ω | Go to the 3 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change door S/W | | |
| | | Push | Infinity | Go to the 3 | | |
| | | S/W | Other | Change door S/W | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 3 | Check the Red/yellow to Pink. | Otatus | Danill | SVC Action | | |
| | FWI-man-Zuzz-wiff | Status | Result 12 V | Go to the 4 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the PCB | | |
| | <con11></con11> | | | | | |
| 4 | Check the Red to Black. | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 12 V | Go to the 5 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the LED Lamp | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 5 | Check the Black to Blue. | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 0 ~ 2 V | Explain to customer | | |
| | | Closed | Other | Change the Door S/W | | |
| | | 0 | 12 V | Explain to customer | | |
| | | Open | Other | Change the LED Lamp | | |
| | | | | | | |

6) Poor cooling in Fresh food section

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | Check the sensor resistance. | Temperature Result |
| | | 23°F / -5°C 38 kΩ |
| | 2 | 32°F / 0°C 30 kΩ |
| | SCORUS DURES | 41°F / 5°C 24 kΩ |
| | <con11></con11> | 50°F / 10°C 19.5 kΩ |
| | * The sensor is determined by the temperature. | 59°F / 15°C 16 kΩ |
| | For example, 30kΩ indicates 32°F. | |
| 2 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | Composed Control of the Control of t |
| 3 | Open the fresh food door and Check the | Status SVC Action |
| | air flow. | Windy Go to the 4 |
| | | No windy Check the R Fan motor Check the damper (Go to the 6) |
| 4 | Check the air temperature. | |
| 4 | Cold or not? | Status SVC Action |
| | | Cold Explain to customer |
| | | Not cold Check the Compressor And sealed system |
| | | |

7) Poor cooling in Fresh food section

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | |
|----|---|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| 5 | Damper checking method. Inputting TEST Mode, Check the damper and PCB. | Test Mode | Damper state | SVC Action | |
| | Linear Linear Linear Compressor | 1 Mode | Open | Damper is normal. | |
| | **** 8.8 ** | 2 Mode | Closed | (Check the | |
| | 88° 22 (12000000) (120000000) (12000000) (12000000) | 1,2 mode | Not working | Change the damper | |
| | SON'S SERVICE SON | Test Point | Result | SVC Action | |
| | <i>☆ 8</i> ≡ | (1) to (2) | 270 ~330 | | |
| | (3) (1) (1) (2) (4) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A | | Other | Change damper | |
| | | (3) to (4) | 270 ~330 i | | |
| | Topic to have deader Topic to have deader Topic to have deader Topic | | Other | Change damper | |
| | | | | | |
| 6 | Check the <u>Fan motor.</u> Rotate fan using your hand. | Point | Result | SVC Action | |
| | It feel sticky, change the motor. (cause of ice or rust inside of motor) | Motor | Sticky | Change the motor | |
| | | | | | |
| 7 | Check the R <u>Fan motor voltage.</u> | Point | Result | SVC Action | |
| | | (1)~(2) | Below 12 \ | | |
| | | (1)~(3) | 0 or 5 V | Change the motor | |
| | (3)(2)(1) <con10></con10> | | | | |

8) Poor cooling in Freezer compartment

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | Check the sensor resistance. | (1) To (2) Result |
| | | -22°F / -30°C 40 kΩ |
| | | -13°F / -25°C 30 kΩ |
| | 7 | -4°F / -20°C 23 kΩ |
| | | 5°F / -15°C 17 kΩ |
| | <con11></con11> | 14°F / -10°C 13 kΩ |
| | ※ The sensor is determined by | 23°F / -5°C 10 kΩ |
| | the temperature. For example, 23kΩ indicates -4°F. | 32°F / 0°C 8 kΩ |
| 3 | Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) Open the freezer door and Check the air | SO THE STATE OF TH |
| 3 | Open the freezer door and Check the air flow. | Status SVC Action |
| | | Windy Go to the 4 |
| | | No windy Check the F Fan motor |
| | | |
| 4 | Check the air temperature. Cold or not ? | Status SVC Action |
| | Cold of flot : | Cold Explain to customer |
| | | Not cold Check the Compressor And sealed system |
| | | And sealed system |

9) Over cooling in Fresh food compartment

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|--|---------------------|-------------------|----------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Check the sensor resistance. | | Temp | erature | F | Result |
| | ₩. E | | 23°F / -5°C | | 38 kΩ | |
| | 7 | | 32°F / 0°C | | ; | 30 kΩ |
| | accord Conce | | 41°I | = / 5°C | | 24 kΩ |
| | <con11></con11> | | 50°F | 7 / 10°C | 1 | 9.5 kΩ |
| | * The sensor is determined by the temperature. For example, 30kΩ indicates 32°F. | | 59°F | 7 / 15°C | | 16 kΩ |
| 2 | Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (push the button 1 time) | | | d o | | |
| 3 | Open the refrigerator door and Check the air flow. | | State | us | SVC | C Action |
| | Check the air flow. | | Windy | | Go to the 4 | |
| | | | No windy | | Check the R Fan Check the damper (Go to the 5) | |
| 4 | Input Test 2 Mode and | | Status SVC Action | | | Action |
| | Check the air flow. (push the button 1 time) | | Wind | Windy Go | | to the 5 |
| | | | No wi | ndy | It's normal | |
| | The second secon | | | | | |
| 5 | Check the damper resistance. | | Point | Resu | lt | SVC Action |
| | - - | | | 270 ~33 | | It's normal |
| | (3) (1) | (1 |) to (2) | Othe | | Change damper |
| | | | | 270 ~33 | 0Ω | It's normal |
| | (2) (4) | (3 | 3) to (4) O | | ſ | Change damper |

10) Lower auto drawer doesn't work

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | | | |
|----|--|---------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Check the Red to White. (Main PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 5 V | Go to the 2 | | |
| | LE .5 | Normal | Other | Change the PCB | | |
| | <con4></con4> | | | | | |
| 2 | Check the Red to White. (Auto PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | CON7 | | 5 V | Go to the 3 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the Auto Drawer PCB | | |
| | <con7></con7> | | , , | | | |
| 3 | Check the Yellow to Blue. (Main PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | THE THE PARTY OF T | N | 115V | Go to the 4 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the PCB | | |
| | <con3></con3> | | | | | |
| 4 | Check the Yellow to Blue. (Auto PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 115V | Go to the 5 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Replace product | | |
| | <con1></con1> | | | | | |
| 5 | Check the Red to Bright Orange. | Status | Result | SVC Action | | |
| | | | 5 V | Go to the 6 | | |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the Auto Drawer PCB | | |
| | <con2></con2> | | | | | |

| No | Checking flow | Result & SVC Action | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| 6 | Check the Red to Yellow. (Auto PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | 0~5 V | Go to the 7 |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the Auto Drawer Motor |
| | <con2></con2> | | | |
| 7 | Check the Red to Blue. (Auto PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | 0~5 V | Go to the 8 |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the Auto Drawer Motor |
| | <con2></con2> | | | |
| 8 | Check the Red to Purple (Main PCB) | Status | Result | SVC Action |
| | | | 0~5 V | Go to the 8 |
| | | Normal | Other | Change the Auto Drawer Motor |
| | <con2></con2> | | | |

7. Reference

4. Reference

1) TEST MODE and Removing TPA

1. How to make TEST MODE

If you push the test button on the Main PCB, the refrigerator will be enter the TEST MODE



Main PWB

* 1 time : Comp / Damper / All FAN on (All things displayed)



* 2 times : Damper closed (22 22 displayed)



* 3 times : Forced defrost mode (33 33 displayed)



<DC TPA>

2. How to remove Terminal Position Assurance (TPA)











* After measure the values, you should put in the TPA again.

2) TEMPERATRUE CHART - FRZ AND ICING SENSOR

| TEMP | RESISTANCE | VOLTAGE |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|
| -39°F(-40°C) | 73.29 kΩ | 4.09 V |
| -30°F(-35°C) | 53.63 kΩ | 3.84 V |
| -30°F(-21°C) | 39.66 kΩ | 3.55 V |
| -13°F(-25°C) | 29.62 kΩ | 3.23 V |
| -4°F(-20°C) | 22.33 kΩ | 2.89 V |
| 5°F(-15°C) | 16.99 kΩ | 2.56 V |
| 14°F(-10°C) | 13.05 kΩ | 2.23 V |
| 23°F(-5°C) | 10.10 kΩ | 1.92 V |
| 32°F(0°C) | 7.88 kΩ | 1.63 V |
| 41°F(+5°C) | 6.19 kΩ | 1.38 V |
| 50°F(+10°C) | 4.91 kΩ | 1.16 V |
| 59°F(+15°C) | 3.91 kΩ | 0.97 V |
| 68°F(+20°C) | 3.14 kΩ | 0.81 V |
| 77°F(+25°C) | 2.54 kΩ | 0.67 V |
| 86°F(+30°C) | 2.07 kΩ | 0.56 V |
| 95°F(+35°C) | 1.69 kΩ | 0.47 V |
| 104°F(+40°C) | 1.39 kΩ | 0.39 V |

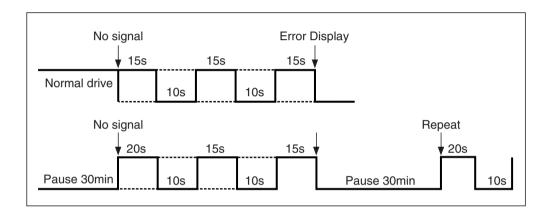
3) TEMPERATRUE CHART - REF AND DEF SENSOR

| RESISTANCE | RESISTANCE | VOLTAGE |
|---------------|------------------|---------|
| -39°F(-40°C) | 225.1 kΩ | 4.48 V |
| -30°F(-35°C) | 169.8 kΩ | 4.33 V |
| -30°F(-21°C) | 129.3 kΩ | 4.16 V |
| -13°F(-25°C) | 99.30 kΩ | 3.95 V |
| -4°F(-20°C) | 76.96 kΩ | 3.734 V |
| 5°F(-15°C) | 60.13 kΩ | 3.487 V |
| 14°F(-10°C) | 47.34 kΩ | 3.22 V |
| 23°F(-5°C) | 3 7.55 kΩ | 2.95 V |
| 32°F(0°C) | 30 kΩ | 2.67 V |
| 41°F(+5°C) | 24.13 kΩ | 2.40 V |
| 50°F(+10°C) | 19.53 kΩ | 2.14 V |
| 59°F(+15°C) | 15.91 kΩ | 1.89 V |
| 68°F(+20°C) | 13.03 kΩ | 1.64 V |
| 77°F(+25°C) | 10.74 kΩ | 1.45 V |
| 86°F(+30°C) | 8.89 kΩ | 1.27 V |
| 95°F(+35°C) | 7.40 kΩ | 1.10 V |
| 104°F(+40°C) | 6.20 kΩ | 0.96 V |

10-4 How to check the Fan-Error

(1) EBR650027**

After sending a signal to the fan, the MICOM checks the BLDC fan motor s lock status. If there is no feedback signal from the BLDC fan, the fan motor stops for 10 seconds and then is powered again for 15 seconds. To determine that there is a fan motor malfunction, this process is repeated 3 times. If the fan motor is determined to be defective, the error code will be shown in the display for 30 minutes. At this point, the process will be repeated until the fan motor operates normally. If normal operation is achieved, the error display is erased and the MICOM is reset automatically.



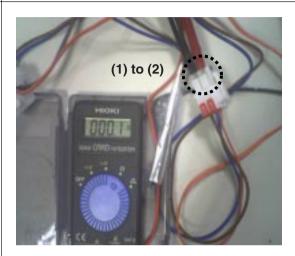
8. COMPONENT TESTING INFORMATION

8-1 Defrost Controller Assembly

Function

The controller assembly is made up of two different kinds of parts. The fuse and the sensor. To determine if these parts are defective, check for resistance. The fuse will cut power to the defrost heater at very high temperatures.

How to Measure (Fuse-M)



Set a ohmmeter to the 2 housing pin. Measure the 2 pin connected to Fuse-M. If the ohmmeter indicate below 0.10hm fuse-m is a good condition, But if infinite the part is bad.

How to Measure (Sensor)



Set a ohmmeter to The 2housing pin. Measure the 2 pin connected to Sensor. If the ohmmeter indicate $11 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ (at room temperature) Sensor is good. When check the ohm at other temperatures Check the sensor manual.

Standard

Fuse-M (at all temperature)

| Test Point | Ressult |
|------------|-----------|
| (1) to (2) | 0 ~ 0.1 Ω |

Sensor (at room temperature)

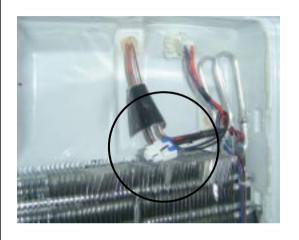
| Test Point | Ressult |
|------------|-------------|
| (1) to (2) | 11 Ω |

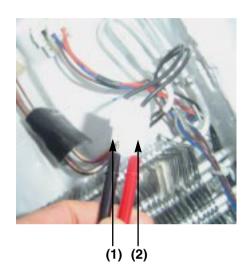
8-2 Sheath Heater

Function Sheath heater is a part for defrost. All heating wire is connected to only one line. To check if

the part is defective, check the resistance.

How to Measure





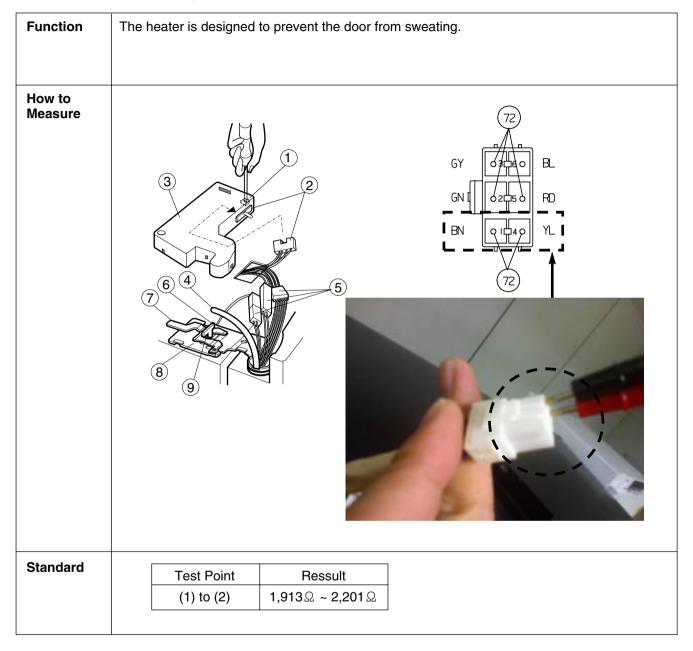
Set a ohmmeter connect to The 2 housing pin. Measure the 2 pin connected to Sheath Heater. If the ohmmeter indicate (V°øV)/Watt=R is good condition, ex) when watt=350w, voltage=115v R=(115°ø115)/350=38 Ω But if the ohm meter indicate infinity the Sheath heater is bad.

Standard

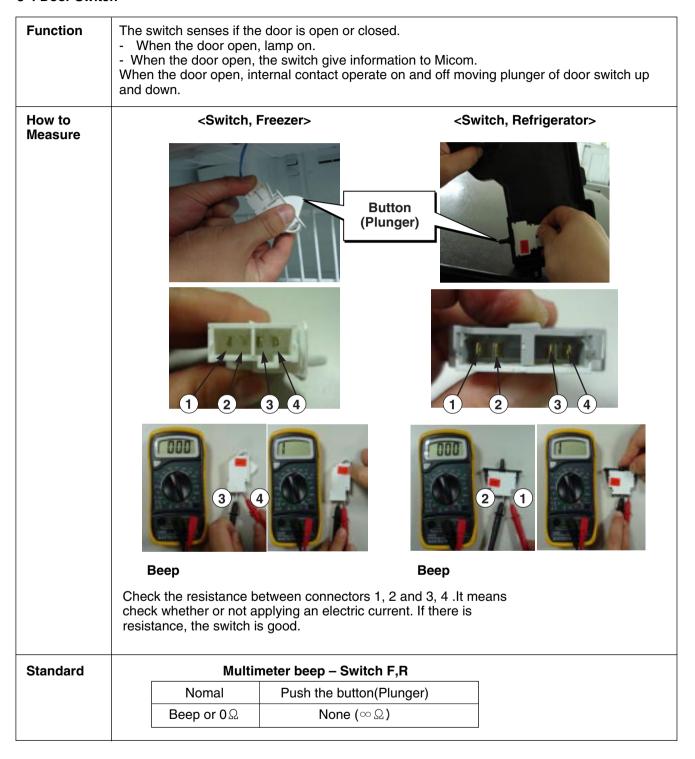
Sheath heater (at all temperature)

| Test Point | Ressult |
|------------|------------------|
| (1) to (2) | 34 ~ 42 Ω |

8-3 Mullion Heater Assembly



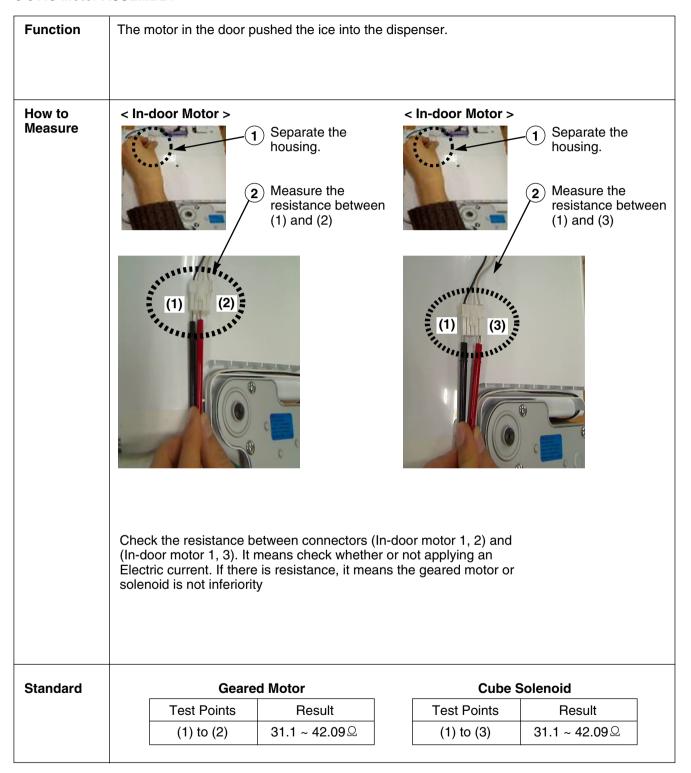
8-4 Door Switch



8-5 Dispenser DC Motor

| Function | - Dis | penser DC Motor stract from ice ban | : When customer pu k. | sh the dispenser button, Pull duct door and |
|-------------------|-------|--|--------------------------|---|
| How to Measure | | | (1) (2) Dispens | Sor DC Motor |
| Standard | | Dispense | er DC Motor | |
| | | Test Points | Result | |
| | | (1) to (2) | 9.9 ~ 12.1 Ω | |

8-6 AC Motor ASSEMBLY

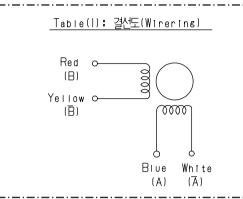


8-7 Damper

Function

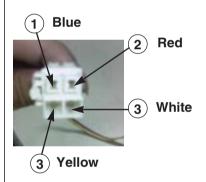
The damper supplies cold air from the freezer to the chill room using the damper plate. The chill room is colder when the damper plate is open. When the damper is closed the chill rooms temperature will rise.

How to Measure



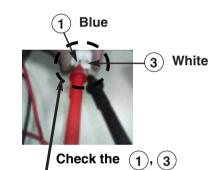
| Table(2): 2-2상 여자순서(CW Rotation) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|---|---|---|
| Housing No. & | Step | | | |
| L/Wire Color | | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| I- Blue (A) | + | - | - | + |
| 2- Red (B) | + | + | - | - |
| 3- White(A) | - | + | + | - |
| 4- Yellow(B) | - | - | + | + |

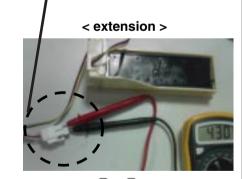
< Damper Circuit >











Check the 1,3

Check to see if there is electrical current, if there is resistance the damper is good.

Standard

Damper

| Test Points | Main Damper | Pantry Damper | 절환실 Damper |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Red and Yellow | 270 ~ 330 Ω | 270 ~ 330 Ω | 373 ~ 457 Ω |
| Blue and White | 270 ~ 330 Ω | 270 ~ 330 Ω | 373 ~ 457 Ω |

8-8 Flow Sensor

| Function | Flow Sensor (in machine room) Count the water quantity from city water to water filter in refrigerator | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| How to Measure | | SELECT A-HOLD 1200 GOUNT TELECT A-HOLD 1200 GOUNT TELECT A-HOLD SHAX A-HOLD SH | |
| | Flow Sensor | | |

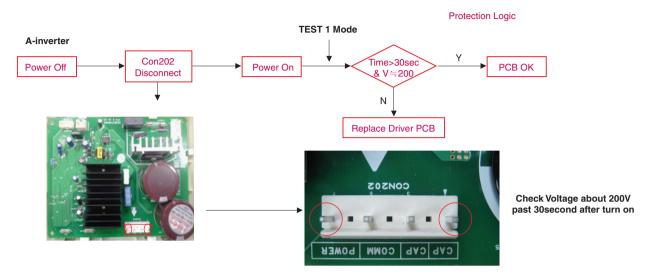
Standard

| Test Points | Result |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Red wire to Black wire | 4 ~ 30 kΩ |

(in machine room)

9. TROUBLESHOOTING

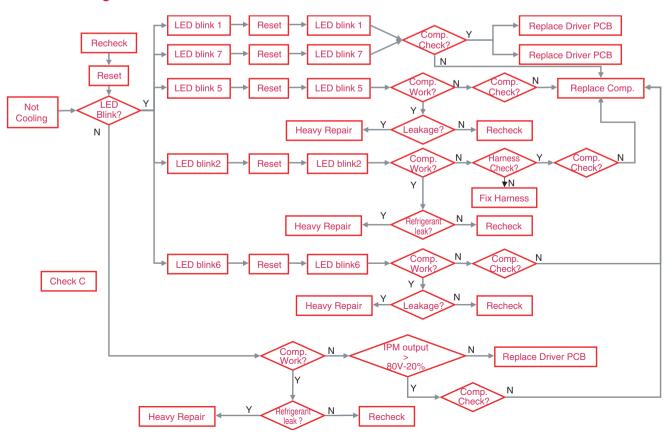
PCB Check (Simplify)



Test Mode

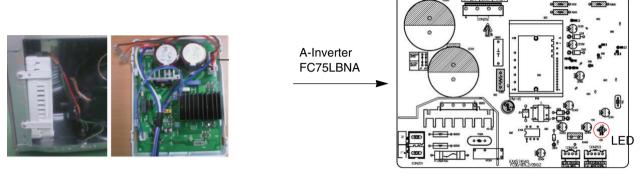
| | | Ref. | Comp FC75(A-Inverter) | Display & sound | Refer |
|---|------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| T | EST1 | Forced Starting | TDC (Full Stroke) | Display ON, Buzz 1 time | |

Troubleshooting



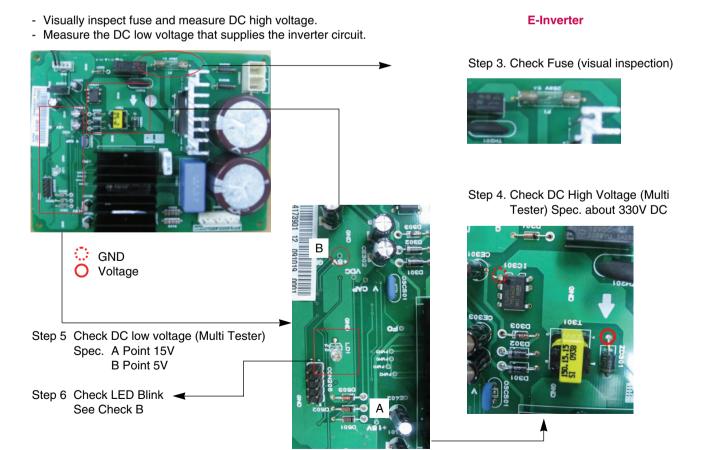
9-1 Check A

- There is PC Board located in the PCB case. The control driver is PC board for the compressor.
- This step shows the source voltage of the driver PC board.



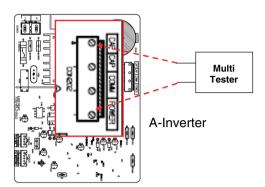
PCB Malfunction Check

* There is a PCB located in the PCB case next to the compressor. That is the driver PCB. the linear compressor.



IPM Output check

- Measure the voltage between the POWER and COMM pins of the connector as shown below.



Check to make sure compressor is receiving voltage from IPM

- In order to determine whether the compressor is operating normally, check the output voltage during the refrigeration cycle.
- After initial power-up, when the compressor begins to operate, wait 10 minutes before checking.
- The compressor is operating normally if the voltage is greater than 80V.

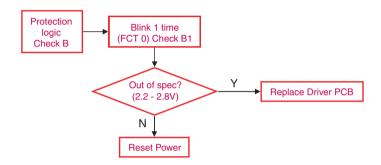
9-2 Check B

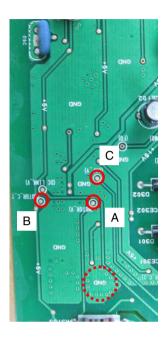
B1. LED blinks once, then repeats (FCT0 Fault: A-Inverter)

.

Blink OFF Blink OFF

- Purpose: Detecting motor current and voltage error
- Check voltage at **point A** (Motor Voltage), **point B** (Motor Current) and **Point C** (Capacitor Voltage) when **compressor is off**.
- Spec: Points A, B, & C 2.5V \pm 0.3V
- Logic: Compressor is forced to off and will try to restart after 20 seconds.

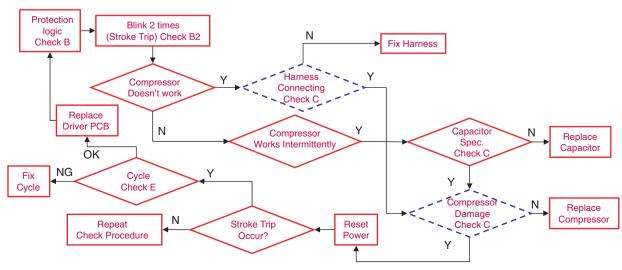




B2. LED blinks two times, then repeats (Stroke Trip: A & E Inverters)

Blink Blink OFF Blink Blink OFF

- Purpose: Prevent abnormally long piston strokes.
- Case 1. If compressor doesn't work and LED blinks Cause: Possibly harness from compressor to PCB might be defective.
- Case 2. If compressor works intermittently and LED blinks Cause: Condenser Fan or Freezer Fan is not running. Sealed system problem such as moisture restriction, restriction at capillary tube or refrigerant leak.
- Logic: Compressor is forced to off and then tries to restart after 1 minute.



Protection Logic

Protection Logic

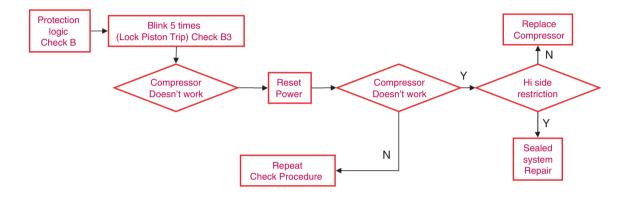
B3. LED blinks five times, then repeats (Locked Piston: A & E Inverters)

Protection Logic



Blink Blink Blink Blink OFF

- Purpose: To detect locked piston
- Cause: Lack of oil to the cylinder, cylinder or piston damaged and or restricted discharge.
 - A Locked Piston can also be caused by foreign materials inside the compressor.
- Logic: Compressor is forced off and tries to restart within 2.5 minutes.

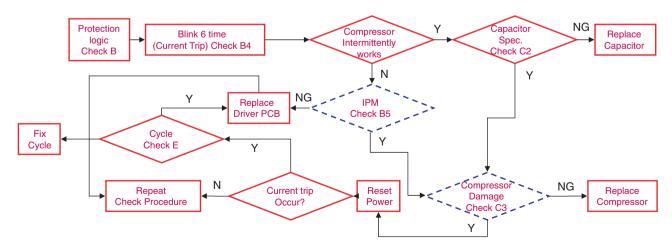


B4. LED blinks six times, then repeats (Current Trip: A & E-Inverters)

Protection Logic



- Purpose: Prevent over-current (overload protect)
- Cause: Ambient temperature is high (over 43°C) and/or refrigerator's condenser air movement is restricted.
- Condenser Fan is stopped, restricted discharge line, compressor is damaged, or IPM device is defective.
- Logic: Compressor is forced off and tries to restart after 2.5 minutes.



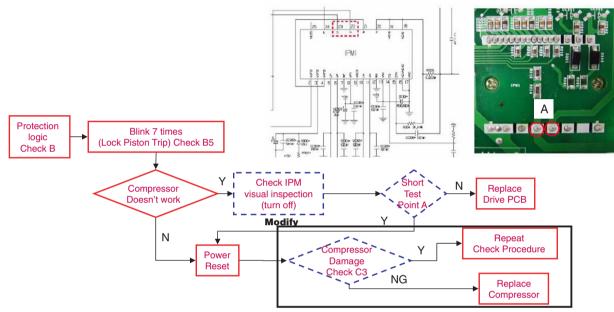
B5. LED blinks seven times, then repeats (IPM Fault: A & E Inverters)

Blink Blink Blink Blink Blink OFF

- Purpose: Prevent high current due to IPM Short
- Cause: Damaged IPM (Dead Short)
- Test for a dead short at Point A with a VOM.
- Logic: Compressor is forced off and tries to restart in 2.5 minutes.

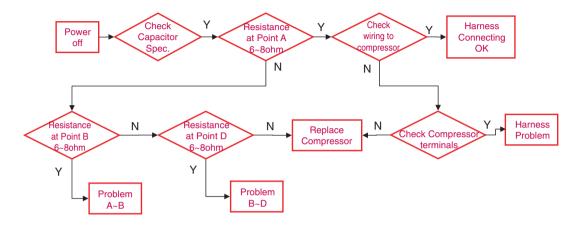
Protection Logic





9-3 Check C

- **C1. Harness Connection Check**
- **C2. Capacitor Specifications**
- C3. Compressor Check
- Step 1. Power off. Step 2. Check capacitor spec. (table1). Step3. Check resistance of point A Step 4. Check wire harness (INF ohm). Step 5. Check resistance at point B. Step 6. Point D.



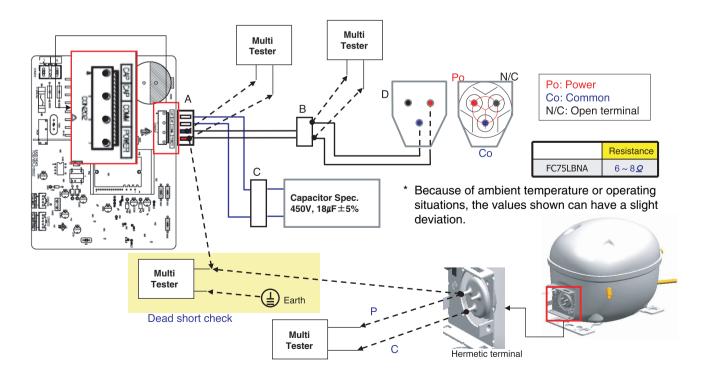
Caution: Turn off power during check C

- Measure the resistance at each point except point C

FC150NAMA

Check Process

- Dead short check: measure the resistance between power line in compressor and earth ground in refrigerator (Inf. Ohm)

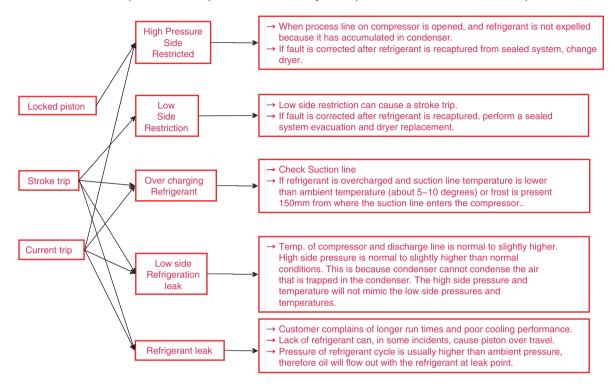


9-4 Check D

D1. Activate Protection logic

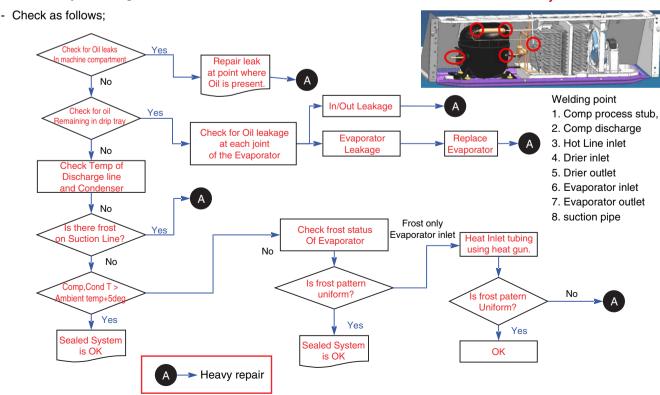
Cycle check with protection logic

- We have to check Condenser fan and Freezer fan before performing Check D
- Locked Piston, Current trip and stroke trip can be activated by other problems then the driver or compressor.



D2. sealed system diagnosis

Sealed system



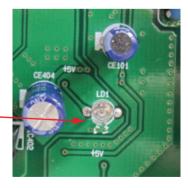
Compressor Troubleshooting

Step 1) Loosen up screw of Case Assembly PCB and open Step 2) Check for blinking frequency of LED, PWB the Cover PCB









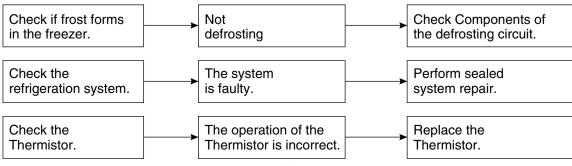
If compressor is normal, it does not blink : Refer to the next page to find out what actions to take according to how many times LED blink

| No | LED operating condition | Cause | Service guideline |
|----|--|---|--|
| 1 | LED two - time repetiton (Stroke Trip) on - on - off - on - on - off - on - on | PCB Parts defect or Compress or Connector miss connecting (Piston over run) | Please check, Whether connector of compressor is attached rightly or not. after power off After the first action, You check on normal operation of compressor. If the same symptom arises after the second action, replace PCB |
| 2 | LED five - time repetiton (Piston Lock Trip) on - on | Piston constraint | After resetting power, check if it is running normal If the same symptom arises after the first action If the same symptom arises after the second action, replace compressor |
| 3 | LED six - time repetiton (Current Trip) on - on | Circuit over current error Or cycle error | After resetting power, check if it is running normal If the same symptom arises after the first action If the same symptom arises after the second action, replace compressor |
| 4 | LED seven- time repetiton (IPM Fault Trip) on - on | PCB parts defect (IPM) | After resetting power, check if it is running normal If the same symptom arises after the first action, replace PCB |

9-5 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS CHART

| COMPLAINT | POINTS TO BE CHECKED | REMEDY |
|--|--|---|
| No Cooling. | Is the power cord unplugged from the outlet? Check if the power switch is set to OFF. Check if the fuse of the power switch is shorted. Measure the voltage of the power outlet. | Plug into the outlet. Set the switch to ON. Replace the fuse. If the voltage is low, correct the wiring. |
| Cools poorly. | Check if the unit is placed too close to the wall. Check if the unit is placed too close to the stove, gas cooker, or in direct sunlight. Is the ambient temperature too high or the room door closed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? Check if the Control is set to Warm position. | Place the unit about 4 inches (10 cm) from the wall. Place the unit away from these heat sources. Lower the ambient temperature. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. Set the control to Recommended position. |
| Food in the Refrigerator is frozen. | Is food placed in the cooling air outlet? Check if the control is set to colder position. Is the ambient temperature below 41°F(5°C)? | Place foods in the high-temperature section. (front part) Set the control to Recommended position. Set the control to Warm position. |
| Condensation or ice forms inside the unit. | Is liquid food sealed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? | Seal liquid foods with wrap. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. |
| Condensation forms in the Exterior Case. | Check if the ambient temperature and humidity of the surrounding air are high. Is there a gap in the door gasket? | Wipe moisture with a dry cloth. It will disappear in low temperature and humidity. Fill up the gap. |
| There is abnormal noise. | Is the unit positioned in a firm and even place? Are any unnecessary objects placed in the back side of the unit? Check if the Drip Tray is not firmly fixed. Check if the cover of the compressor enclosure in the lower front side is taken out. | Adjust the Leveling Screw, and position the refrigerator in a firm place. Remove the objects. Fix the Drip Tray firmly in the original position. Place the cover in its original position. |
| Door does not close well. | Check if the door gasket is dirty with an item like juice. Is the refrigerator level? Is there too much food in the refrigerator? | Clean the door gasket. Position in a firm place and level the Leveling Screw. Make sure food stored in shelves does not prevent the door from closing. |
| Ice and foods smell unpleasant. | Check if the inside of the unit is dirty. Are foods with a strong odor unwrapped? The unit smells of plastic. | Clean the inside of the unit. Wrap foods that have a strong odor. New products smell of plastic, but this will go away after 1-2 weeks. |

• Other possible problems:



9-6 REFRIGERATION CYCLE

▼ Troubleshooting Chart

| CAUSE | | STATE OF THE UNIT | STATE OF THE EVAPORATOR | TEMPERATURE OF THE COMPRESSOR | REMARKS |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| LEAKAGE | PARTIAL LEAKAGE | Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally. | Low flowing sound of Refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only. | A little higher than ambient temperature. | Refrigerant level is low due to a leak. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak. |
| | COMPLETE LEAKAGE | Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally. | Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed. | Equal to ambient temperature. | No discharging of Refrigerant. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak. |
| CLOGGED BY DUST | PARTIAL CLOG | Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally. | Flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only. | A little higher than ambient temperature. | Normal discharging of the refrigerant. The capillary tube is faulty. |
| | WHOLE CLOG | Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool. | Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed. | Equal to ambient temperature. | Normal discharging of the Refrigerant. |
| MOISTURE CLOG | | Cooling operation stops periodically. | Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost melts. | Lower than ambient temperature. | Cooling operation restarts when heating the inlet of the capillary tube. |
| DEFECTIVE COMPRESSION | COMP- RESSION | Freezer and Refrigerator don't cool. | Low flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only. | A little higher than ambient temperature. | Low pressure at high side of compressor due to low refrigerant level. |
| | NO COMP- RESSION | No compressing operation. | Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and there is no frost. | Equal to ambient temperature. | No pressure in the high pressure part of the compressor. |

12-6-1 Cleaning

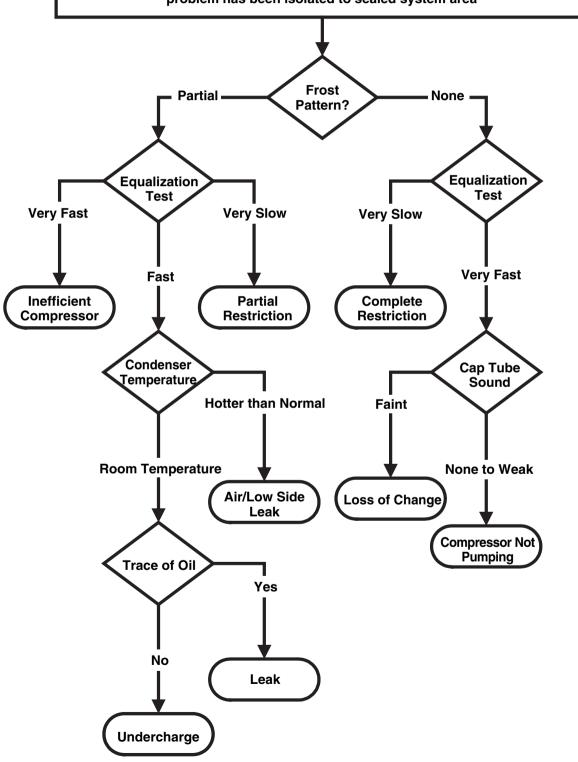
There is no need for routine condenser cleaning in normal Home operating environments. If the environment is particularly greasy or dusty, or there is significant pet traffic in the home, the condenser should be cleaned every 2 to 3 months to ensure maximum efficiency.

If you need to clean the condenser:

- Remove the mechanical cover.
- Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush to clean the grille, the open areas behind the grille and the front surface area of the condenser.
- Replace the mechanical cover.

9-6-2 SEALED SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

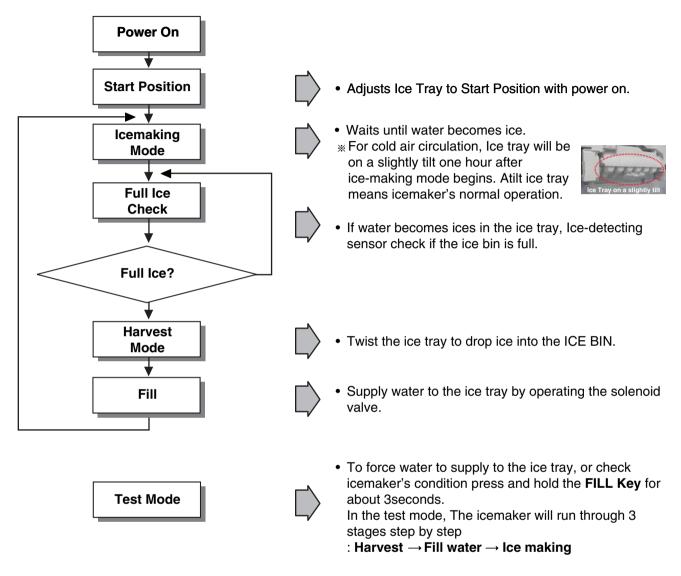
"Not Cooling" Complaint
All components operating, No airflow problems, Not frosted up as a defrost problem
problem problem has been isolated to sealed system area



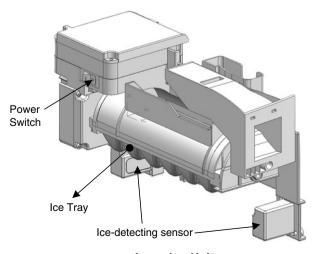
(The equalization test is trying to restart a compressor using a start kit after it has been operating.)

10. ICEMAKER OPERATING METHOD AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

10-1 Icemaker's Basic Operating Method



To reset the icemaker's operation, set the power switch OFF position and back it to ON position.



Icemaker Unit

10-2 ICE MAKER FUNCTIONS

10-2-1 Icemaking Mode

- 1. Icemaking Mode begins right after the ice tray fills with water.
- 2. Icemaker waits until water becomes ice in the ice tray.
- * Ice-detecting sensor checks if the ice bin is full every 2min.

10-2-2 Harvest Mode

At least in 110min, since icemaker begun icemaking mode, Icemaker starts to twist the ice tray to drop ices into the Ice bin. (After installation, at least 1day is needed to make ices)

If the icemaker never drop ices to the ice bin though water becomes ices in the ice tray, check the real temperature of compartment. (not temperature on display)
Icemaker needs below 0°F to drop ices to ice bin.

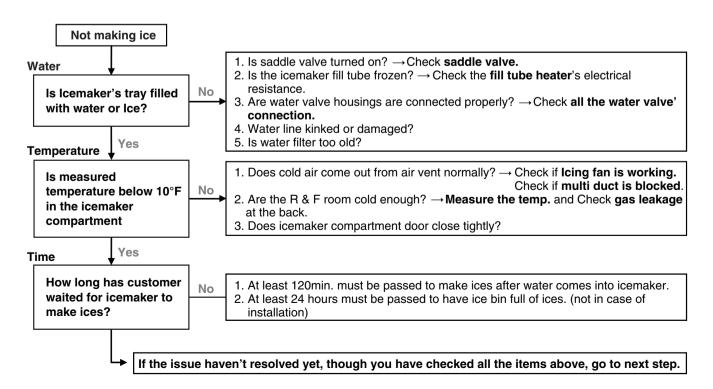
13-2-3 Fill/Park Position

Once the normal harvest mode has been completed, the water solenoid will be activated.

10-3 Trouble Shooting Ice & Water system Issues

10-3-1 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Environmental Diagnosis)

- ▶ Icemaker can't make ices itself. Basically, water, temperature and time are needed.
 - Water : If no Water, then no Ice.
 - Temperature : The compartment, where the icemaker is located, has to be at least 1°F so that icemaker dumps ices to the bin.
 - Time: At least 80 minutes must be passed to make one series of ices after water comes into icemaker.
 - * Test Mode should not be carried out before checking below.

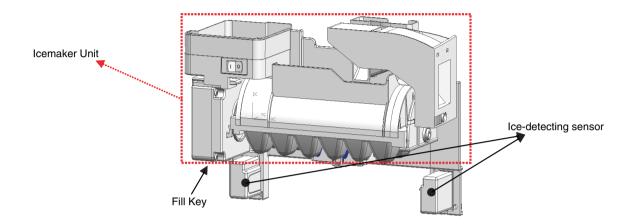


10-3-2 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Icemaker Unit & Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis)

▶ Icemaker Unit and Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis

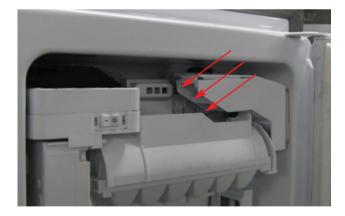
The icemaker unit and Ice-detecting sensor is programmed to be diagnosed.

Follow the procedure step by step to check to see if icemaker and Ice-detecting sensor is working normally.



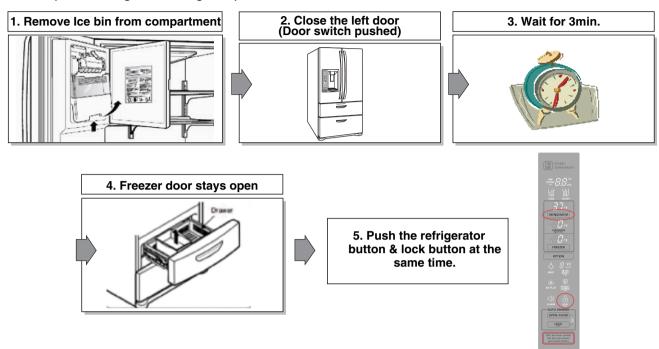
1st STEP (Icemaker Unit Diagnosis)

Press the fill key for about 3sec. If the icemaker runs 2 stages of harvest and filling water step by step, It means icemaker's mechanism is normal.



 $\ensuremath{\,{\times}\,}$ Caution : Be sure that the ice tray is not filled with water before pressing fill key.

2_{st} STEP (Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis)



If "ETY" is shown on the display after the procedure above, Ice-detecting sensor is normal. If "FULL" is shown on the display after the procedure above, Ice-detecting sensor is abnormal.

* ETY = empty

10-3-3 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Other Suspected Items)

Strongly suspect items below If the issue remains yet, though all the diagnosis for icemaker has been carried out.

- Cap duct bad sealing
- Defective thermal sensor in the icemaker compartment
- Not cold icemaker compartment area (sealed system)

10-3-4 Not Dispensing Ice

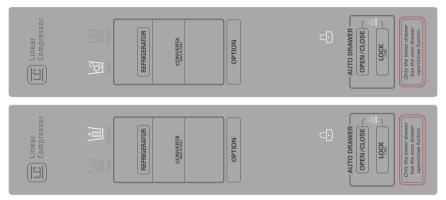
- ► Clogged Ice In the Ice Bin (suspected items)
 - Customer haven't used ice dispenser over a week.
 - → Resolution: the ices gets stuck if customer doesn't use ice dispenser.
 In this case, empty the ice bin and wait until the new ices are stacked in the ice bin.
 - Temperature of icemaker compartment is not cold enough.
 - → Resolution : Check ice fan, sealed system, cap duct, vent and other items related to temperature.
 - Cap duct doesn't seal the air properly.
 - → Resolution : Possibly, warm air could get into the compartment and make ices get stuck. Replace the cap duct with new one.
 - In-door geared motor doesn't work
 - → **Resolution**: Change the in-door geared motor and test it.
 - The water comes out of fill cup and the water get into the ice bin.
 - → Resolution: The water pressure from shutoff valve is too high.
 Recommend to use regulator to the customer and close the shutoff valve slightly.
- ▶ Clogged Ices In the Chute (suspected items)
 - Cap duct doesn't seal the air properly.
 - → Resolution : Possibly, warm air could get into the compartment and make ices get stuck. Replace the cap duct with new one.

11. DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION & CIRCUIT OF MICOM

11-1 FUNCTION

11-1-1 Function

- 1. When the appliance is plugged in, it is set to 37°F for Refrigerator and 0°F for freezer. You can adjust the Refrigerator and the Freezer control temperature by pressing the ADJUST button.
- 2. When the power is initially applied or restored after a power failure, it is set to Control temperature Previously.
- 3. If you do not press any button after turning on the power, only CRUSH or CUBE Label that has been selected will be turned on and all other LEDs on the display Panel will be turned off Within 60 seconds.
- 4. If you press a button, only CRUSH or CUBE Label that has been selected will be turned on and all other LEDs on the display Panel will be turned off Within 20 seconds.



5. If you do not want to use the Power Save Mode, you can change the Mode by pressing the ICE PLUS Button and Freezer TEMP button simultaneously for more than 5 seconds.

11-1-2 How to Toggle the Display between °F & °C

1. The initial setting is °F and the display temperature mode can be changed from °F to °C or °C to °F by pressing and holding the FRZ TEMP and the REF TEMP keys at the same time for over 5 seconds.

11-1-3 Metered fill function

SETTING THE METERED FILL UNIT

You can change the unit of Metered fill.



As you can see the left, the initial unit after power on is OZ. The unit is changed to CUPS when you press and hold this button at least 3 seconds and when you press it again, changed to OZ. While water is dispensed, the numbers will be increase.

11-1-4 Dispenser use selection

SETTING THE DISPENSER

You can select the ice type of the dispenser.



The default setting is CRUSHED ice.

Press CUBE to get cubes instead of crushed ice.

11-1-5 Light function

SETTING THE LIGHT

You can control the lamp in the dispenser.



The lamp is off when the power on.

When you press the LIGHT button, the lamp turns on, the icon also on.

When you press it again, the lamp turns off, and the icon also turns off.

11-1-6 Filter condition display function

SETTING THE FILTER RESET

You need to reset filter remaining period after replacing filter.



Press and hold the FILTER RESET button more than 3 seconds to reset the filter indicator after the water filter has been replaced.

The figure is changed $6 \rightarrow 0$ after pressing it more than 3 seconds.

NOTE: It is recommended that the filter be replaced when the indicator light on the front dispenser reaches 0.

it again.

11-1-7 Ice Plus selection ACTIVATING ICE PLUS



Press the ICE PLUS button to activate the ICE PLUS function. The ICE PLUS function runs the freezer compartment at the coldest setting for 24-hour to increase ice making and then turns off automatically. To deactivate this function, press

11-1-8 Energy saving function ACTIVATING ENERGY SAVING



Press the ENERGY SAVING button for at least 3 seconds to activate or deactivate the function.

This function is recommended for added energy savings. (Some heaters to reduce excess moisture on the refrigerator may be turned off)

The energy saving function is also recommended during long periods of time spent away from home-like vacation.

11-1-9 Alarm function SETTING THE DOOR ALARM



The ALARM button also controls the door alarm that sounds three times in 30-second intervals when a compartment door is left open for more than 60 seconds. The alarm stops sounding when the door is closed. Press the ALARM button once to activate and deactivate the door alarm function.

NOTE: Contact authorized service center if the alarm continues to sound after the doors are closed.

11-1-10 Auto drawer lock function SETTING AUTO DRAWER LOCK





Press and hold the LOCK button more than 3 seconds to activate or deactivate the auto drawer function.

The auto drawer function is disabled when you locked the auto drawer.

11-1-11 Lock function(dispenser and display button lock)

SETTING THE DISPENSER LOCK



Press and hold the LOCK button for three seconds to lock the dispenser and all of the other control panel functions. Press and hold again for 3 seconds to unlock.

11-1-12 CONTROL OF FREEZER FAN MOTOR

- 1. Freezer fan motor has high and standard speeds.
- 2. High speed is used at power-up, for Ultra Ice, and when refrigerator is overloaded. Standard speeds is used for general purposes.
- 3. To improve cooling speed, the RPM of the freezer fan motor change from normal speed to high.
- 4. High speed (2700RPM): Initial power on or load corresponding operation, Ultra Ice. Normal speed (2400RPM): General working conditions.

11-1-13 Cooling Fan Motor

- 1. The cooling fan is switched ON and OFF in conjunction with the compressor.
- 2. The cooling fan Motor has high and standard speeds. (When room temper rapture more high then 38°C speed is high)
- 3. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezing fan motor(refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display).

11-1-14 Ice Compartment Fan

- 1. The Icing Fan is controlled by the the sensor on the top of the ice compartment.
- 2. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezer (refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display)

11-1-15 Refrigeration room Fan Motor

- 1. The refrigeration room fan is switched ON and OFF in conjunction with the refrigeration room temperature.
- 2. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezing fan motor (refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display).

11-1-16 Ice PLUS

- 1. The purpose of this function is to intensify the cooling speed of freezer and to increase the amount of ice.
- 2. Whenever selection switch is pressed, selection/release, the Icon will turn ON or OFF.
- 3. If there is a power outage and the refrigerator is powered on again, Ice PLUS will be canceled.
- 4. To activate this function, press the Ice PLUS key and the Icon will turn ON. This function will remain activated for 24 hrs. The first one hour the compressor, Freezer Fan and Icing Fan will be ON. The next 23.5 hours the Ice room will be controlled at the lowest temperature. After 24 hours or if the Ice PLUS key is pressed again, the Ice room will return to its previous temperature.
- 5. During the first hour:
 - (1) Compressor, Freezer Fan and Icing Fan run continuously.
 - (2) If a defrost cycle begins during the first 15 minutes of Ice Plus, the Ice PLUS cycle will complete its cycle after defrosting has ended.
 - If the defrost cycle begins when Ice Plus has run for more than 15 minutes, Ice PLUS will run for 20 minutes after the defrost is completed.
 - (3) If Ice PLUS is pressed during defrost, Ice Plus Icon is on but this function will start seven minutes after defrost is completed and it shall operate for 30min.
 - (4) If Ice Plus is selected within seven minutes after compressor has stopped, the compressor (compressor delays seven minutes) shall start after the balance of the delay time.
- 6. For the rest of the 23 hours, the Ice room will be controlled at the lowest temperature.

11-1-17 How to set the display mode and cancel it

- 1. With the refrigerator door open, keep pressing the Refrigerator Temp Button and ICE PLUS Button more than 5 seconds, then it goes to the display mode with Special Beep Sound With Special Beep Sound.
- 2. Perform the same way again to cancel the display mode.
- 3. All Freezing unit will be turned off at display mode (Exceptions : Lamp, Display)

11-1-13 Defrosting (removing frost)

- 1. Defrosting starts each time the COMPRESSOR running time Betwee 7~50 hours.
- 2. For initial power on or for restoring power, defrosting starts when the compressor running time reaches 4 hours.
- 3. Defrosting stops if the sensor temperature reaches 46.4°F(8°C) or more. If the sensor doesn't reach 46.4°F(8°C) in 1 hours, the defrost mode is malfunctioning. (Refer to the defect diagnosis function, 8-1-15.)
- 4. Defrosting won't function if its sensor is defective (wires are cut or short circuited)

11-1-14 Defect Diagnosis Function

- 1. Automatic diagnosis makes servicing the refrigerator easy.
- 2. When a defect occurs, the buttons will not operate; but the tones. such as ding. will sound.
- 3. When the defect CODE removes the sign, it returns to normal operation (RESET).
- 4. The defect CODE shows on the Refrigerator and Freezer Display.

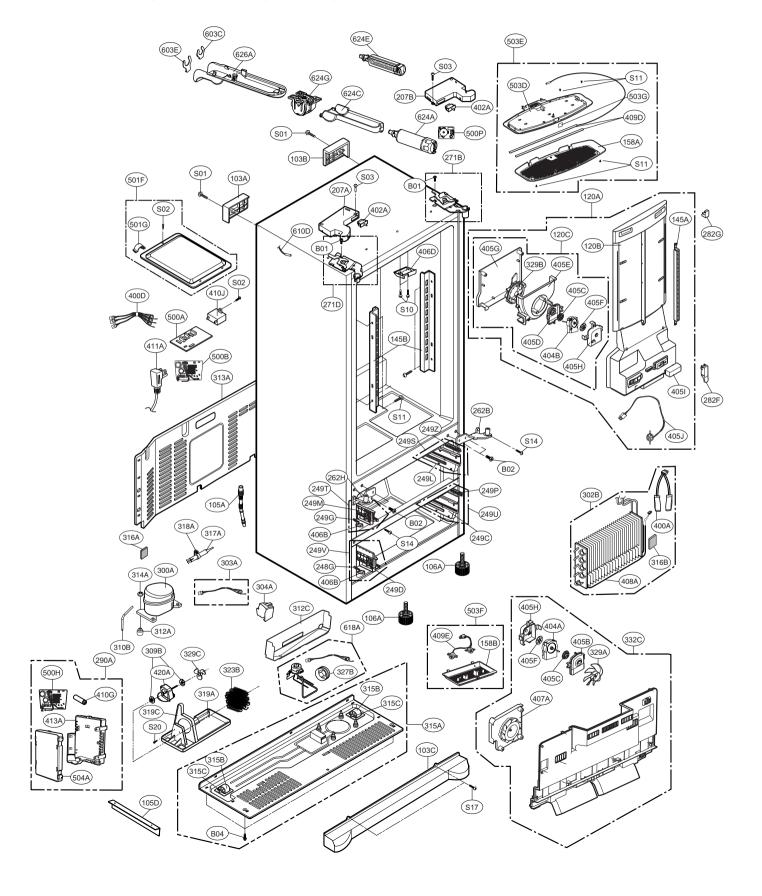


Display check function: If simultaneously pressing Ultra Ice button and freezing temperature adjustment button for a second, display LCD graphics on. If releasing the button, the LCD graphic displays the previous status.

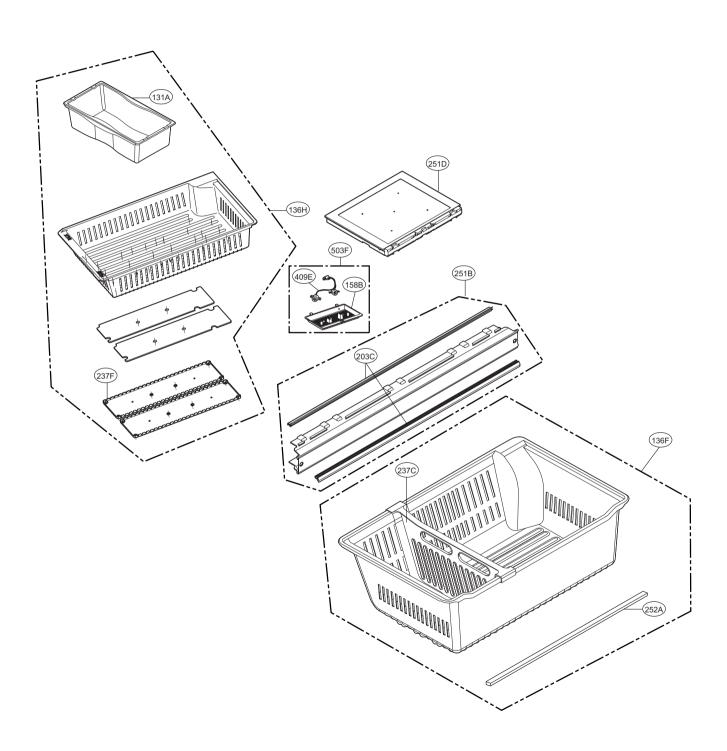
You can check the error code Within 3-hour Period from initial error

12. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

CASE PARTS (LMX28994)**

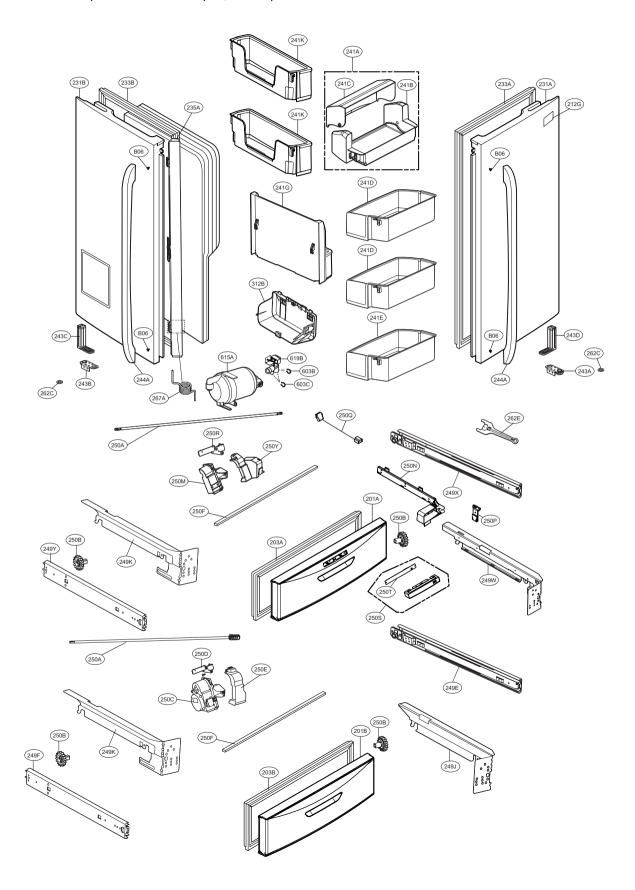


FREEZER PARTS

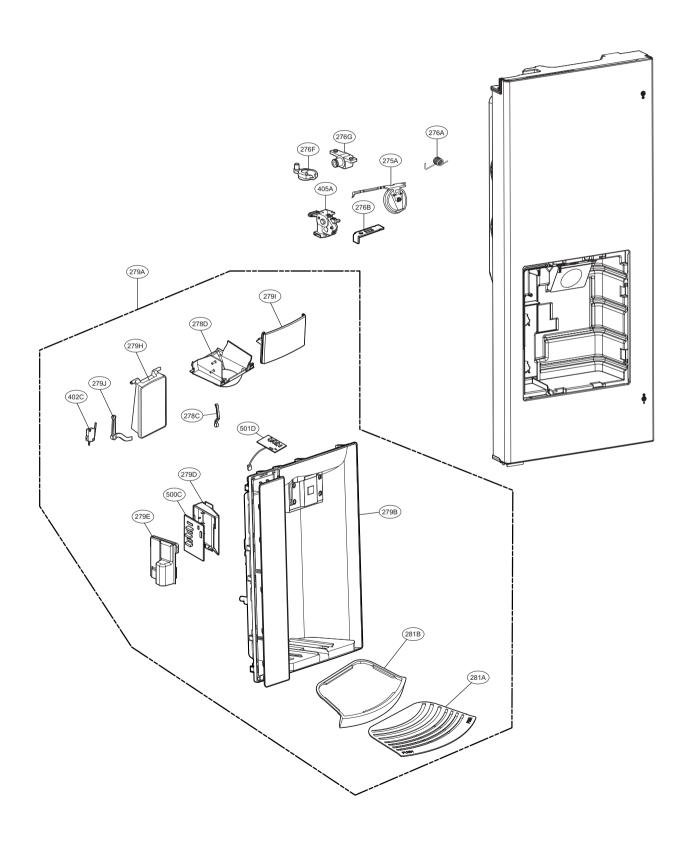


REFRIGERATOR PARTS (141A) CAUTION: Use the part number to order part, not the position number. (141A) 141B) (141B) 141C 141C (141A) (140A) (142D) (142B) 142A (141B) (141C) 141D (154A) (161B) 151C (151A) 151B 161C (161A) (162B) (145D) (162A)

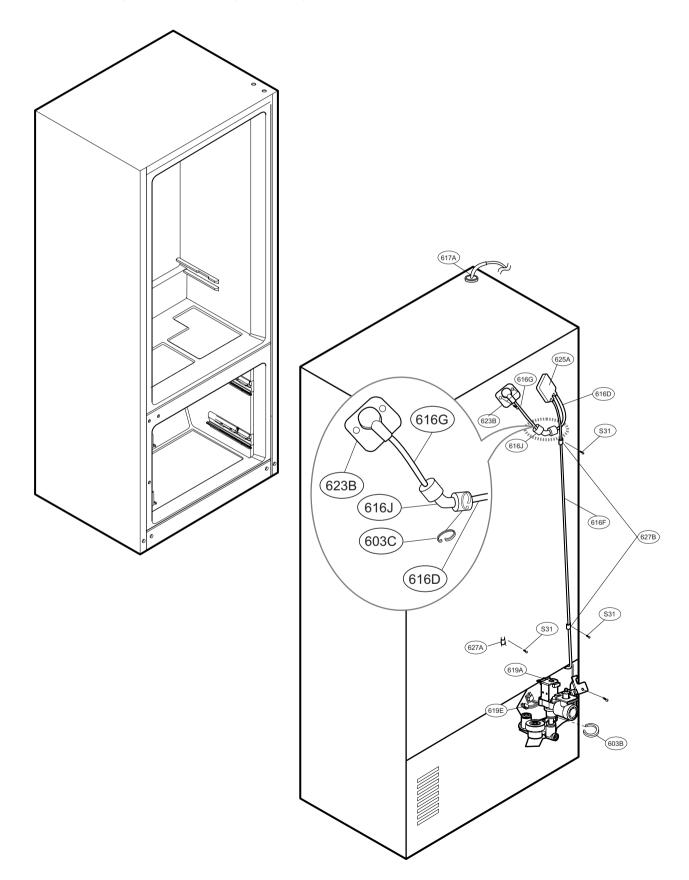
DOOR PARTS (LMX28994**)



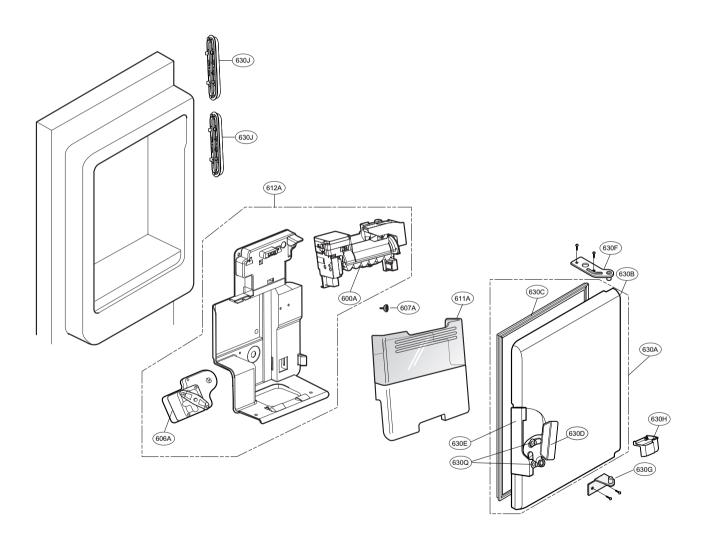
DISPENSER PARTS



VALVE & WATER TUBE PARTS



ICE MAKER & ICE BIN PARTS





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